The Altoona Tribune.

McCRUM & DERN, [INDEPENDENT IN EVERYTHING.] EDITORS AND PROPRIETORS.

VOL. 7. ALTOONA, PA., THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1862. NO. 21.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

B. McCRUM..........H. C. DERN,
PUBLISHERS AND PROPRIETORS.

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BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL

ESTABLISHED AS A REFUGE FROM QUACKERY.

The Only Place Where a Cure Can be Obtained.

DR. JOHNSON has discovered the most Certain, Speedy and only Effectual Remedy in the world for all Private Diseases, Weakness of the Back or Limbs, Strictures, Affections of the Kidneys and Bladder, Involuntary Discharges, Impotency, General Debility, Nervousness, Dyspepsy, Languor, Low Spirits, Confusion of Ideas, Palpitation of the Heart, Timidity, Tremblings, Dimness of Sight or Giddiness, Disease of the Head, Throat, Nose or Skin, Affections of the Liver, Lungs, Stomach or Bowels—those Terrible disorders arising from the Solitary Habits of Youth—those SECRET and solitary practices more fatal to their victims than the song of Syrens to the Mariners of Ulysses, blighting their most brilliant hopes or anticipations, rendering marriage &c., impossible.

YOUNG MEN

Especially, who have become the victims of Solitary Vice, that dreadful and destructive habit which annually sweeps to an untimely grave thousands of Young Men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellect, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ectasy the living lyre, may call with full confidence.

MARRIAGE.

Married Persons, or Young Men cotemplating marriage, being aware of physical weakness, organic debility, deformity, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. may religiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, and confidently rely upon his skill as a physician.

ORGANIC WEAKNESS

Immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life miserable and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid by the victims of improper indulgences. Young persons are too apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the dreadful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that understands the subject will pretend to deny that the power of procreation is lost sooner by those falling into improper habits than by the prudent? Besides being deprived the pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious and destructive symptoms to both body and mind arise. The system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental Functions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervous Irritability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indigestion, Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, Cough, Consumption, Decay and Death.

OFFICE, NO. 7 SOUTH FREDERICK STREET,

Left hand side going from Baltimore street, a few doors from the corner. Fail not to observe name and number.

Letters must be paid and contain a stamp. The Doctor's Diplomas hang in his office

A CURE WARRANTED IN TWO DAYS.

No Mercury or Nauseous Drugs.

DR. JOHNSON,

Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known; many troubled with ringing in the head and ears when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended sometimes with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured themselves by improper indulgence and solitary habits, which ruin both body and mind, unfitting them for either business, study, society or marriage.

THESE are some of the sad and melancholy effects produced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects of the mind are much to be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, Depression of spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are some of the evils produced.

THOUSANDS of persons of all ages can now judge what is the cause of their declining health, losing their vigor, becoming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having a singular appearance about the eyes, cough and symptoms of consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain practice indulged in when alone, a habit frequently learned from evil companions, or at school, the effects of which are nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured renders marriage impossible, and destroys both mind and body, should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his country, the darling of his parents, should be snatched from all prospects and enjoyments of life, by the consequence of deviating from the path of nature, and indulging in a certain secret habit. Such persons MUST, before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without these, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the view; the mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflection that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of pleasure finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this painful disease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense of shame, or dread of discovery, deters him from applying to those who, from education and respectability, can alone befriend him, delaying till the constitutional symptoms of this horrid disease make their appearance, such as ulcerated sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in the head and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on the shin bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and extremities, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at last the palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall in, and the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid object of commiseration, till death puts a period to his dreadful sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered Country from whence no traveller returns."

It is a *melancholy fact* that thousands fall victims to this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness of ignorant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly Poison, Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the residue of life miserable.

STRANGERS

Trust not your lives, or health to the care of the many Unlearned and Worthless Pretenders, destitute of knowledge, name or character, who copy Dr. Johnston's advertisements, or style themselves, in the newspapers, regularly Educated Physicians, incapable of Curing, they keep you trifling month after month, taking their filthy and poisonous compounds, or as long as the smallest fee can be obtained, and in despair, leave you with ruined health to sigh over your galling disappointment.

Dr. Johnston is the only Physician advertising.

His credential or diplomas always hang in his office.

His remedies or treatment are unknown to all others, prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals of Europe, the first in the country and a more extensive *Private Practice* than any other Physician in the world.

INDORSEMENT OF THE PRESS.

The many thousands cured at this institution, year after year, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Johnston, witnessed by the reporters of the "Sun," "Clipper," and many other papers, notices of which have appeared again and again before the public, besides his standing as a gentlemen of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee to the afflicted.

SKIN DISEASES SPEEDILY CURED.

No letters received unless post-paid and containing a stamp to be used on the reply. Persons writing should state age and send portion of advertisement describing symptoms.

Persons writing should be particular in directing their letters to this Institution, in the following manner:

JOHN M. JOHNSTON, M. D.,
Of the Baltimore Lock Hospital, Maryland.

Choice Poetry.

THE DYING SOLDIER.

NIGHT SCENE AFTER THE BATTLE OF WILLIAMSBURG.

BY A. VAN DYKE, FIRST MICHIGAN INFANTRY.

Far away from his home, in a bright sunny clime,
Where the soft gentle zephyr was sighing,
At the lone hour of night, (having fought his last time,
A poor wounded soldier lay dying.

No loved ones stood round him to whisper of hope,
No fond hand his weakness sustaining.
But alone through the valley of death he must grope.
And he felt that the life-tide was waning.

'Tis true that a comrade had crept to his side.
But he, too, was languished and weary,
And yet to console and to aid him he tried,
And the dying man blessed him sincerely.

O, come! welcome death, and relieve me of pain;
Come now in my moment of sorrow.
I fear not your dust, and your power I disdain,
For my soul shall be free on the morrow.

I once fondly hoped that I might reach my home,
To die 'mid the friends of life's morning,
But bright angels beckoned from Heaven's azure dome,
And I felt 'twas my last final warning.

Then he turned to the comrade who watched by his bed.
And gave him a sign to draw nigh him,
Saying, in a low whisper, "Come, lean down your head,
For I'm faint, and I think I am dying"

Then he drew from his pocket a likeness, and said,
Take this to my wife! oh, how often
I've gazed on those features, how many tears shed,
While it served my harsh nature to soften.

Yes, take it, my friend, and preserve it for me,
And he kissed it with dying affection,
Saying, would that that loved one once more I could see,
Oh, God! do thou be her protection!

And here is this Bible—my mother's last gift—
From the vices of camp it has shielded,
My spirit above life's dull cares it did lift,
And joy beyond measure it yielded.

Take this as a gift of affection from me,
And oh, for the sake of the giver,
Do thou read it often; thy guide it will be,
As 'tis mine over Death's silent river.

And here is this letter, read this to me now,
For I feel that my eye-sight is failing,
'Tis the last from my wife—a true woman's last vow—
Which I kept when the foe were assailing.

Yes, read it, for though miles of distance divide,
By the pen's magic power she has spoken,
And even in death, though she's not by side,
I am blessed with affection's last token.

My children, God bless them! they once were my pride;
'Twas for them that I braved every danger;
Tell them for his country their dear father died,
In the land of the foeman and stranger.

Now, comrade, good-by! then his spirit took flight
To that land free from sorrow and sighing,
Where the bright sun of glory excludeth the night,
And there's no more wounded nor dying.

Thus, daily and hourly, some brave soldier dies
In battle or out upon picket;
He knows not his fate till the swift bullet flies
From "A SAVAGE" concealed in the thicket.

But the great world moves on, without heeding the loss,
And their names are unhonored in story.
But like the fine gold-dust o'er spread by the dross,
They shine in their own modest glory.

I RATHER THINK I WILL.

Oh! I'll tell you of a fellow,
Of a fellow I have seen,
Who is neither white nor yellow,
But is altogether green.
He has told me of a cottage,
Of a cottage on a hill;
And he begged me to accept him,
But I hardly think I will.

Now the tears the creature wasted,
Were enough to turn a mill;
Then his name it isn't charming,
For it's only common "Bill;"
And he wishes me to wed him,
But I hardly think I will.
And he begged me to accept him,
But I hardly think I will.

O he whispered of devotion,
Of devotion pure and deep,
But it seemed so very silly,
That I nearly fell asleep.
And he thinks it would be pleasant,
As we journey down the hill,
To go hand in hand together,
But I hardly think I will.

He was here last night to see me,
And he made so long a stay,
I began to think the blockhead,
Never meant to go away.
At first I learned to hate him,
And I know I hate him still,
Yet he urges me to have him,
But I hardly think I will.

I'm sure I wouldn't choose him,
But the very dence is in it;
For he says if I refuse him,
That he couldn't live a minute!
And you know, the blessed Bible,
Plainly says, "we must not kill,"
So I've thought the matter over,
And I rather think I will!

Select Miscellany.

THE PRAIRIE ROBBER.

On a distant prairie at nightfall, a way-worn and weary traveller was overtaken by a snow storm. When the first few flakes came softly dropping down, he looked eagerly around in hope of discerning a place of shelter, but none was to be seen—only the reckless waste of rolling lands and far off hills in the direction whither he was going—so far off he feared he never could reach them. With the departure of light the snow began falling, the wind blew keener, the road soon hidden from view, the traveller felt that he was lost on a trackless waste, without a star to guide him across the dangerous country.

"This is terrible!" said he aloud. "I fear much I shall never come to my destination. If I had but a compass and a light I should not fear, for if I could resist the effects of the cold long enough to reach the hills, there I could find human habitations, or at least the shelter of a rock.—Now I may go in a circle till I freeze, and be no nearer help. What a fool I was to leave the river side and cross the prairie just for the sake of a few miles more or less of journey. No matter; I must even battle it out now—Heaven helping."

And battle it out he did, most manfully. He drew his cap down over his ears and brow, and his fur collar up over his mouth, and thrusting his hands deeper into his pockets, pressed on through the yielding snow. The gloom increased, the wind sharper and through his heavy clothes the traveller began to feel the effects of the cold. His feet grew numb, his arms chilled, and after an hour's rapid walking he suddenly paused.

"And do I know whither I am going?" he exclaimed. "Perhaps I have already turned aside from the straight line, and am wandering on the verge of destruction.—O! that I could shake off this drowsy feeling that is stealing over me! I know what it is—the precursor of a rest in this cold winding sheet of snow. Great Heaven, I am freezing to death!" shrieked he, bounding forward with renewed energy.—"Action—action is life, and life is too sweet lose yet!"

He hurried along with a springing motion, stamping his feet vigorous at every step, and swinging his arms to keep the blood in circulation. Yet with all his efforts, he knew the angel of death was folding his white wings silently around him.

"Despair—no!" he cried, "not while the memory of my loved wife and dear children is left me. I will struggle on for your sakes, and fight the storm, fiend to the last extremity. O, just Heaven, for the sake of the innocent ones whose only stay is my right arm, help me to resist—help me to triumph!"

At this moment he plunged into a hollow, his feet strode over ice, and he heard the voice of a streamlet singing of life and action benath its icy crust. At the same time the smell of wood smoke saluted his nostrils.

"O, thou who reignest above," he ejaculated, "I thank Thee that Thou hast heard my prayer. Help is near me."

He reeled heavily onward through the blinding snow, and saw just before him a low shed. One more struggle and he fell against it. In an instant he divined its character. With a last desperate effort he found the door, threw it open, and rushed in, flung himself at full length upon the floor, knowing only that he was in an atmosphere reeking with fumes of bacon, and warm with the smoke which rose from a pan of smothered coals in the centre of the place. It was a settler's rude smoke-house left to care for itself during the long winter's night, and the traveler's heart sent up a tribute to Heaven for this place of refuge in the desert of snow.

In the large log cabin in the valley of the streamlet, Milly Dean sat alone. Her husband had gone to a distant town, and the young wife was left with her baby.—Accustomed to the solitude, she felt safe, and sat in contentment before the blazing fire; the flames leaping right joyfully up the chimney, and green logs sizzled and cracked in the heat like things in the life. Out of doors the wind was howling drearily, and the snow falling heavily; but Mary cared not, for it only made the fire more cheerful.

There came a rapping at the door.

"How strange! What can that be at our door this wild night?" she said to herself, as she arose and went into the little entry.

"Who is there?" she asked.

"For Heaven's sake, let me in; I am freezing to death!" was the reply.

"Who are you? and how came you in this lonely place on such an evening as this?"

"I am a traveller from below; I lost my way and am dying with cold. For pity's sake let me in, or I shall perish!"

Milly hesitated. She was alone, and it was three miles to the nearest neighbor's. What should she do? She paused in perplexity.

"O, save me—save me! I am dying!" were the words that met her hearing.—There was a heavy fall against the sill, and then low moans. Her woman's nature could stand no more; true to the instinct of her being, she unbarred the door and threw it open. A closely muffled figure reeled by her into the room, and shutting the door she followed. On reaching the fire-place, the stranger threw off his disguise and stood erect and strong, without a sign of inconvenience from the effect of the weather. Milly retreated from him in amazement; but recovering herself and putting the best face on the matter, she tremulously addressed the man:—

"I am sorry, sir, you are cold. It is a bitter night to be abroad. Will you sit by the fire?" and she pushed a chair forward.

The man made no response, but stooping over, ran his fingers through the blaze. Then he turned and stared at her with a look which made her blood run cold.—She would pretend there were others in the house, for she already felt afraid of the man, and bitterly regretted having admitted him.

"Would you like to see some of the men folks, sir?" she inquired. "If so, I will call them from their beds."

The man laughed hoarsely and replied; "Milly Dean, for that I believe is your name, you cannot deceive me. You are alone in this house. I took particular care to ascertain that before I came. So you can make yourself easy on that score, and do as I bid you."

"Do as you bid me!" exclaimed Milly, in terror: "what do you want of me?"

"I want the twelve hundred dollars in gold your husband received for his produce two days ago. You probably know where it is."

Milly sprang into the entry and would have fled, but the stranger caught her by the wrist and dragged her roughly back.

"You cannot escape me, young woman," he said "You will find it most convenient to make a clear breast of it at once. It will be better for you."

Milly strove to release her arm. The rough treatment she received aroused her temper, and indignation overcome all other feelings.

"Let me go, you scoundrel, let me go, or I will call for help," she cried.

"Call, you fool," said the ruffian, "and much good may it do you. Keep yourself still and tell me where the money is."

"I will not!" she exclaimed, her eyes flashing fire.

"You will not," he then replied, "we shall see."

He released her wrist so violently that she reeled half across the room. Then he siezed her sleeping infant from its cradle, and held it at arms length almost into the blazing fire, so that the terrified mother expected to see its light garments catch the flame.

"Now then where's the money? Speak out quick or hear your baby shriek with pain. I will burn it to death before your eyes if you do not tell me where the money is."

"Monster give me my child," shrieked Milly, endeavoring to reach the little one. "Let me have my baby."

But every effort was frustrated, for again and again the strong hand of the robber thrust her back.

"See, its clothes will be on fire in a minute," said the man, putting the helpless innocent closer to the flames. The mother looked into his eyes. She saw there the look of heartless determination. She became aware that the cotton garments of the child were smoking with heat.

"How shall it be?" asked the ruffian. "Hurry or the child dies. I have no time to waste here."

"Anything—anything, only give me my child!" she cried. The next instant it was handed to her, and she sank upon the floor and folded it to her bosom.

"Come," exclaimed the man, touching her rudely with his foot, "you have not told me where the money is."

"In the box on the upper shelf," she replied, pointing to the closet.

"So far so well. It is nearly all gold. I will pocket it with your leave, or without your leave, just as you please." He filled his pockets with the golden coin, and threw the empty box into the fire. Then he came and stood beside her.

"Put your baby in the cradle," he said, "if you wish to save its life. I have other business for you."

"What do you mean?" cried Milly, eyeing the man with suspicion.

"Let me have him," said he, trying to take it.

"No, no, I will put the baby in the cradle myself. You shall not touch the poor little thing. Now, sir, what is it?" she continued, almost choking with excitement, after having laid the pretty infant on its downy place of rest; she stood erect and waited the reply.

"I am going to kill you!" said the man.

"Kill me," she exclaimed her face growing pale with terror. "Kill me! What have I ever done to you that you should kill me?"

"Nothing, nothing, my dear, only you know that you have seen me, and you will know me again." and he advanced upon her.

"O, sir, let me live. Have you not done enough to take my husband's money, without depriving him of his wife too? I will never say a word against you if you will only spare me—only spare me!"

As she spoke she clasped her hands and looked imploringly at him.

"I am sorry that I cannot safely grant your request," he responded. "There is no help for it, so come along out doors."

He reached out his hand to grasp Milly, but the instinct of self-preservation was strong upon her. She evaded him, flew to the chimney piece, snatched her husband's loaded rifle from the hooks on which it hung, cocked and presented it at the breast of the robber. Her motions were so rapid that before he could prevent it, her finger had pressed the trigger and there was an explosion. But with equal readiness the man stepped aside, the ball passed over his head, and the next instant the grip was on her throat.

"I'll teach you how to handle arms," he said. "You would have killed me, would you? "I will show you a trick worth two of that."

"Mercy, mercy," cried the terrified woman.

"There's no mercy for you," he ejaculated. He dragged her into the entry, and flung open the door. "Out with you into the snow."

"Hold! what is this?" exclaimed a deep-toned voice. "Unhand that woman, you scoundrel!"

A powerful man stood in the doorway. He dealt the robber a blow between the eyes which struck him back into the entry. His grasp of Milly was relinquished, and she fell to the floor.

"O, sir," she cried to the new comer, "save me. The man has robbed us, and would murder me that I would not tell it."

"Fear not, madam, he shall not harm you," responded the stranger. "Fellow, surrender yourself."

"Get out of my way," cried the robber, making a rush for the door, and striking at the stranger with a bowie knife. Giving back a few steps, the stranger seized the robber by the collar, whirled him around, and threw him on his face in the snow. The robber struggled, but the stranger knelt heavily on the small of his back, and grasped his hair.

"Lie still," said the stranger, "or I will send a bullet through your brain."

The robber felt the cold barrel of a pistol at his ear, and obeyed. Milly quickly brought ropes, at her rescuer's request, and the robber was bound hand and foot.

"It was a strange Providence," the new comer said, "that overtook me with a snow storm on the prairie, and forced me an hour ago to take refuge in your smoke-house, nearly dead with cold."

Milly acknowledged the truth of the remark, and she knelt and thanked her Father in Heaven for her deliverance.

The next day Milly's husband came home, and when he had been told all, he remarked:

"This fellow was in the tavern at the village, the day I sold my produce. It will learn me a lesson—never to let strangers know when money is plenty with me, lest they should be tempted to crime and bring ruin on me and mine."

That day some sixty or seventy men gathered at the house of Mr. Dean. The robber was recognized as a notorious horse thief, who had long infested the neighborhood. There was a summary trial, and then in dogged silence, the wretch who would have burned a harmless infant and murdered a faithful and gentle woman, submitted to his inevitable fate. A rudely constructed gallows and a stout rope, ended his existence. So on the thinly settled frontiers of the West do they mete out justice to offenders against property and life.

About seventeen hundred dollars in bills were found on the person of the robber, besides the gold he had taken from Mrs. Dean. As there were no claimants for the bills, at the suggestion of the stranger, whose life had been saved from the anger of the winter storm by the shelter he had found in the smoke-house, a thousand dollars of the seventeen hundred were presented to Milly in consideration of what she had passed through, and the remainder was divided around.

On that very spot there is now a thriving town, and one of the finest residences in the place is that where dwells Milly Dean and her husband.

☞ There is no moral philosophy that will teach us anything better than Christ taught. There is no conception of purity, that is more transcendent and beautiful than that which was involved in the life of the Saviour. There is no idea of disinterested benevolence to be compared with that which is portrayed by the New Testament.

LOVE AND SUGAR.—"Do you believe in second love, Mrs. McQuade?"

"Do I believe in second love? Humph! If a man buys a pound of sugar, isn't it sweet? and when it's gone don't he want another pound, and isn't that sweet, too? Troth, Murphy, I believe in second love."

☞ An old saying current in European military circles, runs in this wise: The Spanish to build forts. The French to take them. The English to hold them—to render this complete the following should be added: The Confederates to evacuate them.

☞ An English editor makes the following sweeping assertion:—"What! a man and never in love! Pshaw! he must have a heart of ice, a soul as lifeless as a corn-cob, the gizzard of a goose, and a head as sappy as a cocoa nut."

☞ Quilp says, when he sees kisses between women, it reminds him of two handsome unmatched gloves—charming things for their proper mates, but good for nothing, that way.

☞ As a man drinks he generally grows reckless; in this case, the more drams the fewer scruples.

WHAT A BAYONET CHARGE IS.

It is said that, severe as the battle at Pittsburg Landing undoubtedly was, but one bayonet wound has been discovered by our surgeons there, and that was inflicted by a barbarous rebel upon a sick soldier lying in his tent. Some surprise has been expressed at this fact; there is a general impression that after a bayonet charge, if the contesting forces are composed of brave men, there should be a great number of such wounds. The truth is that a bayonet charge is a very different affair from what it is generally supposed. In the first place, the regiment or other force which makes the charge, though probably ranged as near as possible squarely opposite its enemy, cannot keep up this formation during the quarter of a mile or more of ground which must be traversed by it before the foe is reached. Even with the best drilled and bravest men, one end of the line lags behind, and if the enemy should stand still to receive the charge, only a part of the line would be engaged at first. In practice, however, military writers confess that bayonets are very rarely actually crossed. A charge usually takes one of three turns; either the charging party, by its firmness and impetuosity, throws the opposing force into a panic, and it breaks rank and flies without awaiting the thrust of the bayonet; or, by firmness and a well delivered volley at short distance, the side which is attacked drives off the other; or, in the fewest cases, both sides behave well, and then, in the words of one of our most experienced generals, "the best sergeant decides the fate of the charge"—because only the sergeant and one or two of the men at the end of the line which first comes in contact with the enemy's line are really engaged during the few decisive moments, and thus the conduct, individual bravery and strength of perhaps half a dozen men, who alone cross bayonets with the enemy, gain the victory for the side to which they belong. "What do you suppose we keep our bayonets bright for, but to scare the enemy?" a distinguished general said to one who was inquiring into the nature of bayonet charges; and a Marshal of France wrote: "It is not the number of killed, but the number of frightened, that decides the issue of a battle." Jomini says distinctly that he saw but one bayonet fight in all his military experience; and it is related by one of the historians of Napoleon's wars, that when the French were once charging the Prussians with the bayonet, when the latter would not or could not retreat, there ensued a spectacle unexpected by the officers on either side. The French and Prussian soldiers, when they got within striking distance, apparently by mutual consent, clubbed their muskets, and fought desperately with their arms reversed.

PRETTY GOOD JOKE.—A London paper tells a pretty good one on an old bachelor of that place, who was present at a Butter Fair, recently held in that town. A lady who enjoys a joke hugely asked him if he would like to see the milking machine, one of which was on exhibition. The gentleman, of course, signified his assent, when Mrs.——— conducted him to a far corner of the room, where a very young person was drawing substance from the maternal fount, and, pointing to the cherub, Mrs.——— said that was one of the most perfect arrangements for the use in question ever invented. Such a roar of laughter followed as was likely to bring down the plastering.

NOSE AND LIPS.—A sharp nose and thin lips are considerd by physiognomists certain signs of shrewish disposition. As a criminal was once on his way to the gallows, proclamation was made that if any woman would marry him under the gallows, with the rope around his neck, he would receive a pardon.

"I will," cried a cracked voice from the middle of the crowd.

The culprit desired the eager candidate for matrimony to approach the cart, which she did; and he began to examine her countenance.

"Nose like a knife," said he, "lips like wafers. Drive on hangman."

☞ "Mister Magnanimity, father wants the loan of your newspaper for a few minutes, if you please." "Run back, my boy and tell your father that I will lend him my breakfast with pleasure but I haven't got through with my paper yet."

☞ A young lady who lately gave an order to a milliner for a bonnet, said:—You are to make it plain, and at the same smart, as I sit in a conspicuous place in the church."

☞ A public speaker should never lose sight of the thread of his discourse; like a busy needle, he should always have the thread in his eye.

☞ Disdain not your inferior, though poor! since he may be much your superior in wisdom, and the noble endowments of the mind.

Altoona Tribune.



ALTOONA, PA.

THURSDAY, JUNE 26, 1862.

The President of the United States, and his Policy.

President Lincoln in his annual message says, "I have in every case thought proper to keep the *integrity* of the Union prominent, as the primary object of the present contest." Around this declaration and with this policy, no loyal man—who truly loves the Union—can fail to rally. In every word and deed, so far, the President has shown himself firm and decided, wise, patriotic, and honest. He seems to be God's especial instrument in saving our beloved land from the wicked and brutal secessionists on the one hand, as well as the false, philanthropic abolitionists, on the other. The heart of the great American people is with him. All admit his desire to do right, his honesty of purpose. True, some of the theoreticals of the North object that, as commander in Chief, he has not issued a decree of general emancipation to all the slaves; but they are few in number and do not stop to inquire whether it is either necessary or expedient, as an effective agency, in suppressing the rebellion. They do not take a practical way to arrive at the result they seem to desire. Neither do they stop to look at the Constitution or its clear intent and meaning, as they rush madly along with their one idea. Some men of this stamp, as also others whose secession sympathies clearly appear, in a sneaking and cowardly manner, show their disapprobation of the President's policy by their course in Congress. Old Abe minds them not. With one object in view, the crushing out of this rebellion and the sustaining the integrity of the Federal Union, he pursues an even and determined course, that in the end will serve our land and preserve to us this heritage of freedom our fathers handed down to us. Future American generations yet unborn, will sing pæans of praise to Abraham Lincoln, the preserver of his Country, as they will to George Washington, justly termed its father.

The People's Convention and the Swindle of the People.

Since our last issue we have learned reliably the manner and means used by which the people of two districts in this county, who sent delegates to the Convention, instructed for Col. Hall, were cheated. The people in these districts are enraged, not only at the traitors whom they sent to Hollidaysburg, but also at the little clique of negro equality favorers, who aided in the fraud. That any man should carry a Convention of delegates *instructed* by the people, by such means, is an outrage on our Republican institutions and Democratic form of Government. The traitors may receive their reward, but they will find that the honest freemen they live amongst will treat them with that scorn and contempt they so richly deserve. So far as Col. Hall is concerned, we think it is a matter of no great importance.—He can well bide his time. The people are with him, and should ever chance offer, will sustain him as a talented and faithful public servant. It is not his defeat we are annoyed at, as we think, without the votes of those sent for him who sold themselves, he had a majority of the Convention. He chose to withdraw, against our wish and protest at the time. What we have said on the subject, we have done of our own accord, as neither Col. Hall or any of his friends have ever talked to us about the matter since the Convention. The manner in which his withdrawal was effected by his opponents, is what we condemn.

MARYLAND'S QUOTA.—The *National Intelligencer* says: "We are gratified to learn that Robert Fowler, Esq., the Treasurer of Maryland, has tendered to the Government her quota of the war tax, under the act of Congress of August 5th, 1861.—Maryland, we believe, has the credit of ranking as the second State which has thus promptly tendered the war tax—Pennsylvania having been the first."

☞ Rumor has it that the gentleman nominated for *Auditor* at the late "People's County Convention," is likely to withdraw in favor of the Hollidaysburg candidate for that office, who seems to think by aid of it he can do a thriving trade. By all means let this arrangement be made at once.

The Reason Why.

When the public ear is shocked by startling developments of "corruption in high places," everybody admits that such will ever be the case until *honest* men are elected to fill the various offices in the gift of the people. Then, in the name of all that is good, *why* are not honest men elected? Because the people can only vote for candidates placed in nomination by the various party conventions, and the deliberations of these conventions are always controlled, overruled, and perverted by a set of political demagogues, tricksters and wire-pullers, for the purpose of accomplishing their own selfish ends. Hence, for a candidate for office to pursue an honorable and upright course, is to insure to him certain defeat. If he is too conscientious to take a bribe, or too honest to sanction corruption of any kind, "his cake is dough;" the *wires* are so shrewdly managed that he "can't come in." This we saw verified in our last county convention. We know of a candidate from this part of the county, who, though poor, could not be *bought* or *bribed* to do a mean action. Too high-toned to *stoop* to any low, contemptible political trickery, he was cast aside as "unclean" by the petty demagogues who controlled the nominations, merely because he was guilty of the dreadful sin of "*political honesty!*" He was sacrificed, too, by those who have held and now hold offices to the elevation of which they are, in a great measure, indebted to his persevering and untiring energy. Doubly dark and damning ingratitude! Their names should be held up to public scorn and contempt by all good and loyal citizens, and such will eventually be their doom.

THE HOMESTEAD BILL.—The homestead bill as passed, provides that any person who is the head of a family, or who has arrived at the age of twenty-one, and is a citizen of the United States, or who shall have filed his declaration of his intention to become a citizen, and who has never borne arms against the United States, or given aid or comfort to the enemy, shall, after January 1, 1863, be entitled to enter one-quarter (160 acres) of the unappropriated public lands, upon which said person may have filed a pre-emption claim. It is also provided that all commissioned and non-commissioned officers, musicians, privates, &c., in the military or naval service of the United States, during the present war, shall be entitled to the right of homestead secured by the act, without any limitation. The other features of the act simply relate to the legal course to be pursued in entering the land.

☞ The main arguments made use of against Mr. Hall by his opponents, about Hollidaysburg and in the South of the county, were, that if he was elected to Congress, the National Foundry would be located in Altoona, (a thing no one here ever dreamed of,) and that he would immediately introduce in CONGRESS a bill to remove the *Seat of Justice from Hollidaysburg to this place.* Rather piling it on stiff, that. Of course CONGRESS would do it. We can tell our neighbors that no one here is blessed with a brain fertile enough to have ever thought of any such stuff. Humbug.

IMPORTANT TO OWNERS OF IOWA LAND.—Such of our people as own real estate in Iowa will be interested to know that the State having levied a tax of two mills upon the assessed valuation of 1861, to meet her direct tax of twenty millions, apportioned among the several States, by Act of Congress, passed at the extra session, the said tax is now due, and will become delinquent if not paid immediately. Our citizens, therefore, who have land there, should attend to this matter at once, as the penalties are heavy, and the process summary, for collection after the time specified.

STATE FAIR.—The next annual Exhibition of the State Agricultural Society will be held on the grounds of the East Pennsylvania Agricultural and Mechanical Society, in Norristown, commencing on Tuesday, Sept. 30th, and ending on Friday, October 3d.

PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.—Peterson for July is out in summer attire, and looks splendidly. We hope the ladies' dear hearts will be cheered at the light of Peterson and cease to complain that they do not know what to purchase for summer wear.

THE NORTH WESTERN BANK.—According to the Warren 'Ledger,' the Northwestern Bank, is paying off bill-holders as fast as assets can be converted. It says:

"We have assurance from the Directors of the Bank that our citizens shall not lose anything, and would therefore advise no one to sacrifice upon the bills at present."

☞ Gen. Sigel, who has now a division in Gen. Banks' command, regards the retreat with his 4500 men before 30,000, as the most splendid retreat of the war.

New Orleans.

The N. O. *Sunday Delta*, of May 25th contains the following in relation to that city since its capture and occupation by U. S. troops:

In our long career of journalism, we have never seen anything so sudden and marked as the cheerful change which has taken place in this city during the past two weeks. The people are abroad, the shops are open, and the city seems as natural as the Mississippi herself. This is the result of natural causes. Gen. Butler whom the enemy had described as a monster—whom the New York scavenger Lovell, had falsified—has proved himself a judicious ruler—impartial between man and man, and ambitious only to do justice, re-establish order and law. We are justified in this interpretation of his motives by the fact of his expulsion of Monroe, the Mayor, and the scoundrel Chief of Police. We see also in every proclamation of the General a manifestation of such justice as the people of New Orleans have known little of for years past.

* * * * * * * *

The Provost Marshal, too, is a happy change from the Chief of Police. Under him the wicked flee, whether pursued or not. There has been no such scampering among the villains since the incorporation of New Orleans. Every body admits that a gentleman sits in the Mayor's chair, for the first time for ten years. Gen. Shepley is efficient, able, and, like the General-in-Chief, means nothing in his visit but the Union and the Stars and Stripes.

THE EIGHTY-FOURTH OFFICERED.—On Saturday last Governor Curtin appointed Samuel M. Bowman, formerly of Columbia county, Colonel of the Eighty-fourth regiment.

The antecedents of Colonel Bowman are such as lead us to believe that he is an excellent officer and will give great satisfaction to the command. He was Major of an Illinois Cavalry regiment, and engaged in five battles, including Shiloh and the storming of Fort Donelson, and for bravery was promoted. His regiment was cut up at Shiloh, and afterwards disbanded, and he was awaiting a new command when the present position was offered him, and which he accepted. He is unquestionably a good and brave officer.

Major Walter Barrett has been promoted from the post of Major to that of Lieutenant Colonel.

Adjutant Thomas H. Craig has been appointed Major of the regiment.

The old Eighty-fourth has earned a name, and being thus fairly in the harness again, it is to be hoped that its ranks will soon be filled up, when the boys will speak for themselves.

MERCANTILE TAXES.—The storekeepers of our county are interested to know that by an act of the last session of our Legislature, it is declared that it shall be the duty of every city and county Treasurer to sue for the recovery of all licenses duly returned to him by the mercantile appraisers, if not paid on or before the first day of July, in each and every year, within ten days after that day, and said Treasurer shall not be discharged from any such license, unless he brings suit to recover the same within said date, and presses the same to judgment and execution as soon thereafter as practicable, and pays the amount of all such licenses received by him into the State treasury, on or before the first day of October ensuing. Our merchants, therefore, will take notice that this new law is very rigid and requires all licenses to be paid at once.

LAST MOMENTS OF GEN. JOHNSTON.—Major D. M. Hayden, one of Gen. Johnston's aids at the battle of Pittsburgh Landing, publishes an account of the last moments of that noted rebel chieftain, in the Natchez, (Miss.) *Courier*, as follows:

Gen. Johnston, elated with the entire success of the whole day, took the position before the brigades of Bowen and Breckinridge, and gave the order "fix bayonets." The last moment I saw him before his fall he was harangning his troops. The charge was made with a shout and the enemy fled in confusion. I was by the side of Bowen, and the Minnie balls flew so close that they clipped his hair. I started to the right to see what had become of Chalmers, when I met Capt. O'Harra, who announced that Gen. Johnston was wounded. We followed him down into the ravine, where we found him reclining in the lap of Gov. Harris, who had gently lifted him from his horse.

I was told that the only and last words he ever spoke were, some minutes after he was shot, "Governor, I believe I am seriously wounded." Preston, in an agony of grief, threw his arms around him, and called aloud and asked if he knew him.

I caught hold of his hand and saw that he was still breathing. We administered a little stimulent, but he was totally unconscious, and quietly breathed his last."

AN ORDER TO ENCOURAGE ENLISTMENTS.—The following order was issued on the 21st inst., by the War Department:

Pursuant to a joint resolution of Congress to encourage enlistments in the regular army, and volunteer forces, it is ordered that a premium of two dollars shall be paid for each accepted recruit. That volunteers for three years, or during the war, and every soldier who hereafter enlists either in the regular army or the volunteers, for three years, or during the war, may receive his first month's pay *in advance*, upon the mustering of his company into the service of the United States, or after he shall have been mustered into a regiment already in the service.

This order will be transmitted to the Governors of the States, and to recruiting officers.

A SHE DEVIL.—After the battle of Williamsburg, a Federal soldier who had been wounded in the feet, was sitting on the steps of one of the houses in that town. Presently the door opened and a woman made her appearance. She asked him if he could not walk, and he replied that he could not. Pretending to be a friend, she asked permission to examine his revolver, which she observed sticking in his belt. Suspecting nothing, the helpless soldier handed her the weapon, when she ordered him into the street, under penalty of death. The poor fellow hobbled off, as best he could, but had hardly got ten paces from the door when the female *devil* aimed and fired; her victim fell and expired in a few minutes! And yet Federal soldiers are bound to respect and protect these "fiends incarnate!"

PEN AND SCISSORS.

☞ Three secession Episcopal churches have been seized in Washington for hospital purposes.

☞ During the late flood in the Lehigh river, the water actually rose fifteen feet in ten minutes.

☞ The Nashville *Union* terms the rebel government "the great Southern *skedadderacy*."

☞ A rat hunt took place in Washington county, Pa., last week, and fourteen thousand nine hundred of the vermin were killed.

☞ A Government Pontoon Train of sixty-eight boats is built at New York by Stevenson, the railroad car builder.

☞ The wages of the workmen in the U. S. Springfield armory for the month of April amounted to $100,000.

☞ The statue of Freedom for the dome of the Capitol is nineteen feet in height, and weighs nearly 16,000 pounds.

☞ Col. Ellet, of the ram fleet, died at Cairo Ill., on the 21st inst., from the wounds he received in the engagement before Memphis.

☞ Five hundred rebel prisoners taken by Gen. Banks, have been furnished accommodations at Camp Curtin, near Harrisburg.

☞ "Rather queer way, that, of nominating a man by *acclamation*.—*Standard*.

What's "queer" about it, neighbor?

☞ A special to the Chicago *Tribune*, from Cairo, says:—General Hindman, of Arkansas, is among the prisoners at White river.

☞ Asa. F. Tilt who was recently hanged at Nacthez, because he did not complete his rebel ram in time to save New Orleans, was a former resident in Mystic, Conn.

☞ The U. S. Government has contracted 50,000 tons of pig lead to be turned into Minnie rifle bullets. It will make one hundred and fifty millions of balls.

☞ Eight Governors of rebel states are now out of official employment, wandering up and down the earth, like so many frightened deer which have shed their horns.

☞ It is intimated in foreign papars that at the great Catholic Convention about to meet at Rome, the question of the Pope's emigration to America will be seriously discussed.

☞ Not to be Frightened—Gen. Butler is more than a trump! When threatened with assassination in New Orleans, he blocked that game by coolly telling the rebels his successor would be Gen. Phelps, the Yankee Abolitionist!

☞ "When I can read my title clear—Good God! here is a Yankee!" So sang and exclaimed a female rebel, in a Norfolk church the other Sunday. The congregation had just commenced singing, when she noticed a Federal officer in a seat near by.

☞ "Which is the most solemn and awful moment of a naval battle?" asked a lady of a naval officer. "The moment before the battle commences Madame, when they sprinkle sand on the decks to absorb the blood that is soon to flow," replied the officer.

☞ A certain editor, not a thousands miles from here, recently attended a public meeting, and moved that the proceedings thereof be published in his paper. Nobody seconded the motion: nobody voted for it, and the poor fellow took his hat and *moved out!* That was too bad.

☞ A woman at Newark, N. J., whose husband had gallantly laid down his life in fighting for the Union, became so indignant at hearing a rebel sympathizer slur the volunteers who were passing through in the cars, that she seized the fellow by the long beard he wore, and beat him until her strength was exhausted.

☞ Gen. Pope and staff passed through here last night *en route* for St. Louis, says a Memphis correspondent, and from there to Washington, and it is thought that as soon as transportation can be provided for so large a force, his entire army is to be sent East—whether to the assistance of Fremont or McClellan is not known to the uninitiated.

☞ General Dix, when a member of Buchanan's cabinet, gave orders to shoot down any man who attempted to haul down the American flag. Gen. Butler improves upon this precept. Instead of shooting the offender he hangs him up; and, that too, directly under the flag-staff the sanctity of which he violated. A year and a half passed, but the punishment came at last.

☞ After the battle of Fair Oaks, when squads were out in the morning to recover the wounded, a Federal and a rebel soldier were wounded who had taken lodgings in the fallen top of an oak.—They had discovered each other's *status*, made peace, and were amicably swapping such articles as the one could spare and the other needed.

The Day of Trial at Hand.

The Charleston *Mercury* of a recent date says:—From the number of gunboats and vessels off the harbor of this city, and in the Stono river, with the landing of troops and the continued firing kept up upon the shores of James' Island, it seems that the attack upon Charleston is imminent. It is believed that the Burnside fleet is here, and that the day of trial is upon us. The guns of our forts and the courage of our troops are about to come into requisition. The gunboats of the enemy have not, we judge, been yet subjected to the fire of such batteries as protect our harbor. Unless they have a number of Monitors, which we by no means believe, they are likely to pay dear for the venture in running such a gauntlet. With the breastworks on James' Island our troops can make a strong and, we trust, a successful defence, even against greatly superior numbers, which is not very likely, if we are rightly informed. Our people are calm and prepared for a desperate resistance. Except the exempts from railroads, workshops, banks and newspapers, and the foreign population, few are not in the ranks of the army. We have everything at stake in the struggle, and little to hope in case of a failure. We trust the defence of Charleston in 1862 will ever be memorable for its heroism and its effect upon the country. It must be worthy of the cause, and of the old city of the Palmetto State.

CLOSE QUARTERS.—An officer just from Gen. McClellan's army states that his post has for some time been so close to the rebel capital, that on a calm night, with the wind favorable, he could hear the clocks in Richmond strike the late hour. It must be impressive to stand on a picket post, with three or four hundred thousand human beings around, within a circuit of fifteen miles, and everything as quiet as if you were lost in a wild desert. The thousand sounds of insects, and the rustling of myriads of forest leaves, would only add to the loneliness of the time, while to hear the chimes of midnight rolling solemnly out on the night winds, would be awfully impressive. At such a time the lonely sentinel would see phantoms and visions which would make his heart "knock at his ribs," and send a thrill along his nerves like lightning.

Canada Must Defend Herself.

It is difficult to read without emotion of some kind, says the London *Times*, of June 6th, the announcement that at the present time, and under existing circumstances, the Canadian Parliament has refused a second reading to the bill for establishing an efficient militia for the defence of the province. The militia bill which was rejected proposed to raise a force of fifty thousand men and a reserve of fifty thousand more. Such a measure could not be carried out without a very heavy expense, and at a great amount of private loss and inconvenience. Let Canada look carefully at her circumstances; let her statesmen study the tone of the American press; and the strange and momentous position of affairs on the American continent. *How long will the present civil war afford employment to 700,000 armed men?* Or, if the war itself should not abate, how long will the American government be able to bear the vast strain on their finances which the payment of such an army implies? And, when the time has at last arrived when, either from the termination of civil strife or the failure of money and credit, the United States are no longer able to support their vast army, *what is to prevent that army from marching towards the Northern frontier*, and satiating its revenge, its love of plunder and of conquest, in the rich and unwasted provinves of Canada.

Let not the Canadians deceive themselves by supposing that these things only threaten them because they are a dependency of the British crown, and the moment that link is broken the danger of invasion is destroyed with it. The danger will be exactly in proportion to the prospects of a success, and Canada will be just so much the more likely to be invaded as an independent province as she would be more likely to be conquered. Let not the Canadians on the other hand, believe that they have *in their present connection with Great Britain a sufficient protection against invasion* without taking any trouble to defend themselves. *Such an opinion is founded on a mistake both of our power and our will.* It is not in our power to send forth from this little island a military force sufficient to defend the frontier of Canada against the numerous armies which have learnt arms and discipline in the great school of the present civil war. Our resources are unequal to so large a concentration of force to a single point; our empire is too vast, our population too small, our antagonist too powerful. But if we had the power, it is quite certain that we should not have the will.

Opinion in England is perfectly decided that in the connexion between the mother country and the colony the advantage is infinitely more on the side of the child than the parent. We no longer monopolize the trade of the colonies; we no longer job their patronage. We cannot hope from them any assistance for defending our own shores, while we are bound to assist in protecting theirs. We cannot even obtain from this very colony of Canada reasonably fair treatment for our manufactures, which are taxed twenty-five per cent on their value, to increase a revenue which the colonies will not apply to our or even to their own defences.—There is little reciprocity in such a relation. Should the colony wish to put an end to it, we would never draw the sword to defend it, and, if Canada will not fight to protect its independence from foreign invasion, neither will England. The question is not one with Canada of dissolving or maintaining its connection with Great Britain. That it may dissolve almost at pleasure. The question is of destroying or maintaining its own liberty and independence—of being a self-governed commonwealth, or a member, or, perhaps, as is talked of for the South, a subjugated territory of the United States. The question is much simpler than the Canadians seem to think. If they are to be defended at all, they must make up their minds to bear the greater part of the burden of their own defence. This will be the case if they separate from us. This will be the case if they remain by us.

MCCLELLAN CERTAINLY REINFORCED.—There can no longer be any doubt that, at last, General McClellan has been generously reinforced. The Pennsylvania Reserve Corps, 8,000 strong, is now with him; so are ten regiments which have, during most of the year, been in the neighborhood of Newport News, Old Point, &c.; so is McDowell's corps at least 30,000 strong. In addition to all this, the Syracruse *Journal* says that it has *positive information* that several New York regiments including the Tenth and One hundred and first regiments, with others, have joined Gen. McClellan's forces within ten days. This is glorious news for those who have friends in the army before Richmond. Indeed it is glorious news for all.—*Buffalo Advertizer.*

GENERAL JOHNSTON'S WOUND.—A distinguished gentleman sojourning in our city for a time past has permitted us, says the Atlanta, (Ga.,) *Intelligencer*, to make the following extract from a letter received by him on yesterday from his accomplished daughter, dated at Richmond, June 2, where she was during the recent battles before that city, on Saturday and Sunday last. "General Johnston was wounded by a Minnie ball in the shoulder. The ball passed down his back, and has not been found yet. At the same time, a spent shell struck him in the breast. He fell from his horse and broke two of his ribs; so, of course, he suffers very much. I spent all day yesterday with him. To-day he is much better, although the ball has not yet been extracted."

FROM GEN. HALLECK'S ARMY.—CORINTH, June 22.—It is now positively ascetained that Beauregard turned over the command of his army to General Bragg, and on the 15th left for Montgomery, Ala., where he arrived on the 17th inst., accompanied only by his personal staff, and left immediately for Richmond.

Two reports have been received here stating the cause of his departure; one that he goes to take command of the army at Richmond, and another that he goes to explain the evacuation of Corinth. The latter is most plausible, as it is known that for some time past Beauregard and Jeff. Davis have been on antagonistic terms.

HOW GEN. ASHBY WAS KILLED.—The Richmond *Examiner* gleans from a private letter the following particulars of the notorious Col. Ashby: He was leading the charge of his cavalry made near Harrisonburg, which resulted in the capture of Sir Percy Worden, the British baronet. Finding the enemy supported by infantry the cavalry fell back to await a similar support. As it advanced Ashby rode ahead to point out the position of the enemy. While so doing, a Yankee, lying in ambush in his path, shot him dead. The burial of his remains took place on Saturday last in the University Burying Ground, near Charlottesville. His tomb will become a Mecca.

A GENERAL RUSH.—The Memphis *Avalanche* of last week says:—There was a perfect rush yesterday at the Provost Marshal's Office, to take the oath. There were just four hundred and ten, by account, who took the oath. So anxious were some to get in and take it before the departure of the up river bound boats, that they jumped over the iron railing to get in. About two-thirds of those who took the oath were Confederate soldiers being from Tennessee, Missouri, Alabama and Mississippi regiments. It is proper to say that the latter were not natives of the States in which they had enlisted.

TO THE NERVOUS AND CONSUMPTIVE OF BOTH SEXES.—A retired Clergyman having been restored to health in a few days, after many years of great suffering, is willing to assist others by sending (free) on the receipt of a post-paid directed envelope, a copy of the prescription used. Direct the REV. JOHN M. DAGNALL, 186, Fulton street, Brooklyn, N. Y. [June 12.—4m.

WALL PAPER AND BORDER.—We invite the attention of persons in want of the above article, to our

IMMENSE STOCK, JUST RECEIVED

direct from the manufacturers in New York, which enables us to sell on much better terms than those who buy in small lots from second hands. Our stock consists of ALL THE NEWEST STYLES & PATTERNS, and ranging in price from six cents up to fifty cents per peice.

J. & J. LOWTHER.

Altoona, March 27th, 1862—3mos.

A ROUSH, DRUGGIST,

takes this opportunity of returning his thanks to the citizens of this place and vicinity, for the liberal patronage they have bestowed on him, and desires to inform the public in general, that he still continues

At his Old Place of Business,

A few Doors above the Post-Office,

where he is at all times prepared to attend to their wants in his line of business, consisting of

DRUGS, MEDICINES, OILS,
PAINTS, PUTTY,
VARNISHES,
DYE-STUFFS, PERFUMERY,
PATENT MEDICINES,
EXTRACTS,
CARBON OIL AND LAMPS,
SWEET-BRIAR PIPES,
CHOICE SMOKING TOBACCO,

LIQUORS,

FOR MEDICINAL USE, ALWAYS ON HAND.

Physicians Prescriptions

CAREFULLY COMPOUNDED,

AT ALL HOURS OF THE DAY OR NIGHT.

Altoona, Pa., April 17, 1862.

HARDWARE—HARDWARE!

HARDWARE

CHARLES J. MANN,

DEALER IN FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC HARDWARE,

WOODEN WARE, BROOMS, WINDOW SHADES, DOOR MATS, UPHOLSTERING GOODS, SHOE FINDINGS, COFFIN TRIMMINGS, MOULDERS' TOOLS, BIRD CAGES AND WIRE GOODS, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, WHITE LEAD, &C., &C.

☞ Every description of Goods in his line will be furnished at short notice, and at low rates for cash.

His remaining stock of DRY GOODS on hand will be closed out at remarkably low prices, in order to relinquish that branch of the business.

Agent for Willson's "Telegraph Fodder Cutter."

Altoona, May 29th, 1862.

U. S. ARMY.—WANTED IMMEDIATELY, FOR THE TWELFTH REGIMENT U. S. INFANTRY, REGULAR SERVICE, a few more able-bodied men, between the ages of eighteen and thirty-five. Pay ranges from $13 to $25 per month, according to the rank of the soldier. Each man will be furnished with equipments, ample clothing and subsistence. Quarters, fuel, and medical attendance free of charge. The pay of each soldier commences as soon as he is enlisted.

By an act lately passed, the term of enlistment has been changed from five to THREE YEARS, and every soldier who serves that time is entitled to

$100 BOUNTY

from the Government. Attention is drawn to the fact that the Government has wisely commenced to promote soldiers from the ranks. Advancement is, therefore, open to all.

For further information apply at the Recruiting Office, on Virginia street opposite Lowther's Store, Altoona.

Lieut. J. S. CAMPBELL,
12th Infantry, U. S. A. Recruiting Officer.

W. M. GORMLY,

WHOLESALE GROCER.

DEALER IN

FLOUR, GRAIN, SEED, BACON, SUGAR-CURED HAMS, MESS PORK, BEEF, CHEESE, IRON, NAILS, WHALE, TANNERS' & CARBON OIL,

NO. 271, LIBERTY STREET.

(*Opposite Eagle Hotel,*)

HAVING PURCHASED THE INTEREST OF HIS LATE partners, will continue the business at the old stand, and will be pleased to receive the patronage of his old friends and customers.

PITTSBURGH, June 5, 1862—3m

EARLY PLANTS.—THE SUBSCRIBER would inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he is prepared to furnish any number of the following varieties of

GARDEN PLANTS,

from his hot-beds, in

COLLINSVILLE, NEAR ALTOONA.

He has the Large Red Smoothe and Fegee Island Tomato Plants—Extra Early and Early Blood Turnip Beet Plants—Early York, Early Winningstadt, Large Late Drumhead and late flat Dutch Cabbage Plants, Celery, Egg and Pepper Plants—all improved varieties. Persons desiring any of the above plants should leave their orders early that they may receive the first ready for transplanting.

May 8—1m. JOHN RUTHERFORD.

COAL.

NOW IS THE TIME FOR EVERY family to get in their supply of coal for the Winter, and the subscribbr would therefore inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, that he is prepared to supply them, on short notice, with a superior article of ANTHRACITE and ALLEGHENY BITUMINOUS COAL. He will sell it by the Train, Car, or Cart Load, or by the bushel, delivered at the door of the purchaser.

☞ Yard on the North side of the Railroad—upper end of Altoona Yard. H. B. MYERS.

July 25, 1861.—tf.

NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters Testamentary to the Estate of ROMAN RIEBENACK, late of the Borough of Altoona, dec'd, have been granted to the subscribers, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the estate of the said decedent will make known the same, without delay, to

ADAM ODENWALDER,
JOSEPHINE RIEBENACK,
Executors of Roman Riebenack, dec'd.

ALTOONA, PA., May 1, 1862.

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS,

WINDOW-SHADES, CURTAIN-FIXTURES, GREEN GUM CLOTH, GREEN & BUFF HOLLAND, &C. A full line on hand at all times, *AT THE MODEL.*

June 5, 1862—3t.

MUSIC!—INSTRUCTIONS GIVEN on the Piano-Forte and Melodeon, by Miss M. SHOEMAKER. TERMS, $10 per quarter. No charge for the use of the Instrument. Residence on Catharine Street, West Altoona. [Jan. 16, 1862.—tf.

PASTURE.—Persons wishing Pasture for CATTLE, or Meadow-Grass for Hay, can be supplied by applying to LEWIS GWIN,

two miles North of Altoona.

May 27th, 1862.

NEW SUMMER GOODS, of superior style and material, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

GREAT PILES OF PANTALOONS, for Men and Boys, at LAUGHMAN'S.

MEN AND BOYS' COATS, of every style and color, of good quality, at LAUGHMAN'S.

PLAIN & FANCY VESTS, of every size and style at LAUGHMAN'S.

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF Gent's Model Improved SHIRTS—Cassimere and Muslin Shirts—fine and coarse—white and colored—at LAUGHMAN'S.

NEW STOCK OF BOOTS & SHOES for Men and Boys, Ladies and Misses, just rec'd at LAUGHMAN'S.

ALL STYLES CARPETING AND Oil-Cloths can be found at LAUGHMAN'S.

A GENERAL ASSORTMENT OF Jewelry, Hair and Clothes Brushes, Combs, Pocket-knives, &c., at LAUGHMAN'S

UMBRELLAS AND PARASOLS, in endless variety, at LAUGHMAN'S.

Altoona, May 1, 1862.

NEW AND IMPROVED STYLES of Trunks, Valises and Carpet-Bags, at LAUGHMAN'S.

Altoona Tribune.

PRINTED ON

Campbell's $650 "Country Press."

TRIBUNE POWER-PRESS

CARD & JOB



PRINTING OFFICE.

Having, within the past two years, made considerable addition to our establishment in the way of new fancy type, Screw Press, Paper Cutter, Card Cutter, Ruling Machine, Card Power Press, and large Newspaper Power Press, (a cut of which we give above) we are now prepared to execute anything in the line of printing or ruling in a style equal to any establishment in the State, and at prices equally low. We can execute, on short notice, all styles of

Wedding, Invitation, Visiting, Ball & Business Cards,
Circulars, Programmes,
MAMMOTH POSTERS, SALE BILLS,
BILL AND LETTER-HEADS,
Pamphlets, Pay and Check Rolls,
BLANK BOOKS,
MANIFESTS, AND BLANKS OF ALL KINDS.

All we ask is a trial, feeling confident that we can give satisfaction if we have the opportunity.

Office in Lowther's building, corner of Virginia and Allegheny streets, opposite Superintendent's Office.

LOCAL ITEMS.

FOURTH OF JULY PROGRAMME.—After having patiently waited in vain for the "leading men" of the town to make some movement in regard to the proper celebration of the coming National Anniversary in Altoona, we have concluded to take the responsibility of announcing the following programme:

Those of our citizens who have not been on a spree the night before, will arise on the morning of the 4th, wash their faces, comb their hair, and then eat their breakfast. After this important ceremony has been performed, various little household "chores" will be in order and should be promptly attended to. Young America will then be at liberty to sally forth with his pockets full of squibs and a cigar in his mouth, to join his comrades and indulge in any kind of recreation or amusement which his fertile imagination may suggest.

"The boys" all being *out*, of course the "old folks" will be tempted to follow the bent of their own inclinations, thus *reversing* an old couplet:

"When the *mice* are away
The *cats* will play."

Of course, many of them will "dine out" in the woods, where different denominations and associations will hold pic-nics; and for this purpose they will be seen forsaking the town like rats do a sinking ship. *Gal*-lant lovers and their pretty lasses will either assemble in crowds of *two*, and repair to some secluded spot, there to squeeze each other's fingers, and talk soft nonsense to their heart's content; or, attend some one of the numerous rural parties, there to "trip the light fantastic toe" until the perspiration oozes from every pore and the pulsations of the heart keeps time to the music of the violin.

In the meantime, "fast young men" and "old soakers" will imbibe freely of those popular beverages known as "lager," "rot-gut," etc., when those of this class who are not too heavily *loaded* will swagger about the streets, informing quiet people that "this is a free country," and that "this fourth of July comes but once a year." In all probability some of them will be "spilin' for a *fight*;" therefore, allow us to announce the fact that our good old friend, Uncle Sam, can give employment to all experts in that line of business.

After the day has been spent in the manner above stated, *evening* will be at hand, and all who feel inclined can take their suppers. After which the events of the day can be talked over and discussed until twilight, when it will be in order to light a few roman candles—those who can't afford these, may use tallow candles. The youngsters, after having bought out Fettinger, Clabaugh, Percival, Heslop, Weis, Rossi and others, can touch off their fire-wheels, spit-devils and chasers, and then retire to bed, there to dream of the happy days when they shall be men and take the places of the selfish "old fogies" who cannot get up a grand united celebration on that day, which of all the days in the year, should be appropriately honored by every true American citizen.

VAN AMBURGH'S MENAGERIE.—According to previous announcement, this institution visited our town on Friday last, and gave two of the grandest zoological exhibitions that it has ever been our privilege to witness. This is the only real Menagerie in the United States; it contains some of the rarest and most splendid specimens of the animal kingdom that have ever been exhibited on this continent; and, unlike many other travelling shows, every man connected with it appeared to be a perfect gentleman. All were willing and anxious to answer, satisfactorily, the hundreds of questions propounded to them concerning the animals. Mr. Frost, the Manager, is the personification of politeness, and was ever on the alert, finding seats for the ladies and children, and otherwise contributing to the comfort of all—high and low, rich and poor—alike. The man who stooped to slander the monkies, and who said that "nobody but boys, darkies and fools, ever visited an animal show," should have been there. He would have been, in the atdience, more intelligence, beauty, grace, and respectability—aye, and *piety*, too—than it is often his lot to look upon. We know of a number of persons who were present at both exhibitions, and we have yet to hear of one being dissatisfied with the entertainment, or with anything concerning it. *Vive la* Van Amburgh!

REMEMBER THE SOLDIERS.—We are requested to announce to the charitable citizens of this place and vicinity, that a large box is now being filled with things necessary for the comfort and welfare of the sick and wounded soldiers at Reading, Pa. Anything useful to persons in their distressing condition will be thankfully received at the store of Mr. B. A. O. Kerr, and promptly forwarded to those for whom it is intended. We hope that this box, and many others, may soon be on their way to relieve the sufferings and cheer the hearts of those who have been disabled in the defence of the glorious Stars and Stripes and our common country. Don't be backward, friends.

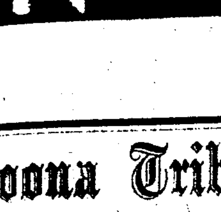
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WHERE IS THE TOWN COUNCIL?—Aye, that's the question! Surely we *have* a Town Council.—Did we not *elect* one? Certainly we did. Then, *who* are they?—and *where* are they? What were they elected *for*?—and why do they not attend to the duties of their office? Who knows? We pause for replies, and hope they will not be long coming, for many of the streets and sidewalks are in a most dilapidated and dangerous condition, and they are getting worse and worse every day.—Many of our citizens have already sustained more or less damage to their persons or dresses, and we daily expect to hear of broken limbs or bruised heads resulting from the gross negligence of those whose business it is to see that the sidewalks are properly graded and paved. In that case the Borough is liable to prosecution; and,

"From suits at law.
And wives that *jaw*,
The Lord deliver us."

Let the sidewalks be properly *graded*, even if they cannot be paved immediately. One night, not long since, we saw a poor old man coming down Virginia street—the principal thoroughfare of the Borough—and, when near the Presbyterian Church, he fell flat upon the brick pavement, owing to a horrid offset in the grade. But why need we particularize, when similar cases are of almost daily and nightly occurrence, and just such *man-traps* are to be found in almost every street in town. Nearly all the pavements are made of boards—many of them laid down lengthwise and in a careless manner. The weather has warped the boards, the nails have drawn out, and the whole fabrics have become so "rickety" that to travel them is more like climbing the *slab-pile* at a saw-mill, than anything else we can liken it to. Again, many of these *cheap, economical* pavements are so narrow, that when one couple meets another, all must go *tandem*, (like auts up a tree,) or else one party must step off and let the other pass. This is so very convenient (?) when different denominations are assembling at, or returning from, their different places of worship, on Sunday. Oh! shame, ye "Borough Fathers." Why do ye not see to these things? Why do ye not endeavor to have our otherwise pleasant town present the appearance of a *civilized* community? It must be done, and the sooner the better. A few weeks ago we called the attention of property-holders to the existing state of affairs; but that was in vain, and now we appeal to you, gentlemen of the Council, hoping this may be the last time we shall have occasion to complain on this score. That the citizens of Altoona *have* cause to complain, must be apparent to you, *if you reside* in this place, and we presume you do; therefore, "we humbly pray" that these (and other evils which we do not wish to publish to the world) may be remedied, and that speedily, for your own sakes, for civilization's sake, for decency's sake, and for shame's sake, if nothing else.

STEALING FRUIT, &C.—Now, that the season for fruit and vegetables has commenced, it may be well to call attention to the legal penalty prescribed for trespassing upon gardens, orchards or other private grounds—stealing fruits, flowers, vegetables, etc. Everybody knows it is wrong to take a single berry, or pluck a single flower, without the consent of the owner, but from time immemorial there has been a laxity in this respect, until boys and men even think it a small matter to trespass upon the property of others, and appropriate whatever suits them. Boys have become particularly troublesome in this respect, and in the cities and boroughs especially, it is next to impossible to prevent depredations upon gardens and orchards. So great had the evil become, that the Legislature, two years ago, found it necessary to pass a stringent law for the punishment of this class of offenders.

It is only necessary for the injured party to make information before a magistrate, and have the offender arrested and held for trial—when the testimony of the owner or occupant of the premises shall be admitted as evidence.

Another method of procedure is by civil action before a magistrate, against any person who shall damage any garden, orchard or field of growing crops, in any manner whatever. Judgment shall be given by the magistrate for double the amount of the damage proved to have been done, together with costs of suit; one-half of the damage or penalty to go to the use of the poor of the district in which the premises lie; and in default of payment, the party may be committed to jail for not less than one or more than twenty days.

BOYS OUT AT NIGHT.—We publish the following which is going the rounds in the papers for the benefit of boys who are in the practice of spending their evenings in the streets.

"It is one of the most ruinous, dangerous and mischievous things possible. Nothing so surely marks their course downward. They acquire, under cover of the night, an unhealty state of mind, vulgar and profane language, obscene practices, criminal sentences, and a lawless bearing. Indeed, it is in the streets, after nightfall, that boys generally acquire the education and capacity for becoming rowdy, dissolute criminal men. Parents, do you believe it? Will you keep your children home nights, and see that their home is made pleasant and profitable?"

COULDN'T RESIST THE TEMPTATION.—On Thursday last, at Tyrone, after Van Amburgh's pavilion had been erected, a couple of "country gentlemen," with their "garls," entered the ring intended for the performing animals, and indulged in a regular "hoe-down," to the music of the brass band. A middle-aged lady who stood by, with a "responsibility" resting in her arms, gazed upon the scene until she became excited, when she sung out to a friend—"Sally, jist come and nuss my baby till I take a dance!" and away she went, over the rope, into the ring, and round and round in a style that would almost have eclipsed the performance of an adept at that business.

THAT BOQUET.—Our much esteemed friend, Mrs. Mollie Moorhead, will please accept our thanks for a present in the shape of a beautiful and delightfully odorant boquet. It is composed of choice flowers, selected and arranged with that care and exquisite taste for which the donor is noted; and its fragrance so sweet and so charming to the olfactories, that on entering the room which it graces, we almost imagine ourself enjoying the "balmy breezes" peculiar to some far-off isles of the Southern seas.

☞ At a stated meeting of the Good Will Fire Company, held June 19th, 1862, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the thanks of the Good Will Fire Company be tendered to James Kearney, Esq., for his liberal donation of $25 for their services at the fire on the 20th of April, 1862.

A. A. SMYTH, *Pres't.*
M. OWENS, *Sec'y.*

THE COMING ANNIVERSARY.—We have yet heard of no intention on the part of our citizens to get up one of those good, old fashioned 4th of July Celebrations, that used to make our hearts glad in our younger days, but aside from this there is an apparent disposition among our friends generally, to commemorate the day in a proper manner; and we are pleased to notice that in anticipation of the event the ladies are selecting their dress goods from the well-filled shelves of our merchant friends, Murphy & McPike, corner of Virginia and Caroline streets, where a most complete and handsome assortment of goods are constantly to be found in abundance, and at prices that none claim to excel and few to compete with. Those who have not yet been fortunate enough to sample their goods, should do so at once, as delays in this respect, as well as in many others, are often dangerous, and, so long as bargains are going, it is the interest of every one to take a hand. So one and all should take a peep at their stock, as they have just added to it many of the most unique styles of dress goods, from the cheapest calico to the finest silk, to say nothing of the large and fresh stock of groceries and provisions, which they are offering at the merest advance on cost. Make a note of this and act accordingly.

TOO SOON.—The near approach of the Fourth of July has started the boys, as usual, ahead of time in the way of exploding torpedoes, parlor matches and such other pyrotechnic productions as the state of their finances will admit. It is scarcely necessary to say that this is a dangerous practice, and should be discountenanced, as many accidents have previously resulted from this cause. On the 4th everybody is expected to be on his guard against these projectiles and the casualties therefrom proceeding; but previous to that time the practice of firing them is certainly a nuisance, and a dangerous one, too. Wait until the day comes, boys, and then make all the noise you can—if not more.

"A SOFT ANSWER TURNETH AWAY WRATH."—Illustrative of the truth of this Proverb, is the following anecdote, as related to us by a friend:—Not long since, a precocious youth, of this county, was threatened, by his father, with a *slap* for mischievousness at the table. Young hopeful, before whom the character of the immortal Washington had often been held up as one worthy of emulation, assumed a very demure countenance, and in a solemn but earnest manner said—"Father did you ever hear of George Washington slapping anybody?" The effect was magical, the parent's wrath was turned away, and the whole family joined in a hearty laugh together.

PIC-NIC AND BANQUET.—Our Catholic friends design celebrating the coming anniversary of our nation's birth by a Pic-Nic and Festal Banquet in McCartney's Grove, at the west end of town, and if we may judge from the preparations making, it will be one of the most pleasant and agreeable affairs of the kind promised for the occasion. Everything necessary to the refreshing of the inner and the enjoyment of the outer man will be provided with a lavish hand, and all persons who seek to pass the day in innocent recreation and at the same time contribute to a good cause, can do no better than attend the Pic-Nic in McCartney's Grove.

AS IT SHOULD BE.—We understand that one prominent feature in the celebration of our natal day in this place, will be a grand pole and flag raising, at 6 o'clock A. M., in front of *Oak Hall*, on Main street. It is expected that Hon. L. W. Hall will deliver a patriotic address, and D. J. Neff, Esq., will read the Declaration of Independence. Other eminent gentlemen will be present to assist in the ceremonies, and a grand time is anticipated. A full orchestra of vocal and instrumental musicians will perform several patriotic airs. Admittance free—"children half price."—For particulars, see next week's *Tribune*.

TO PRESERVE STAWBERRIES.—The *Scientific American* gives the following receipt for preserving strawberries:—To two pounds of fine large strawberries, add two pounds of powdered sugar, and put them in a preserving kettle, over a slow fire, till the sugar is melted; then boil them precisely twenty minutes, as fast as possible; have a number of small jars, and put the fruit in boiling hot. Cork and seal the jars immediately, and keep them through the summer in a cold dry cellar. The jars must be heated before the hot fruit is poured in, otherwise they will break.

NARROW ESCAPE.—On Monday evening last, a young lady by the name of Margaret Green, of this place, was caught in a shower of rain, and, on arriving at home, she turned her back to the fire for the purpose of drying her dress, when by some means the fire was communicated to her skirts, and for some moments her position seemed to be one of imminent danger; but assistance being at hand, the flames were soon extinguished, and the young lady escaped without sustaining any personal injury, although her dress was totally ruined.

STRAWBERRIES AND CREAM.—This is something that is not hard to take, we think. A somewhat dyspepsic individual said, in our hearing, the other day, that "his friends were killing him with strawberries and cream!" Lucky fellow, thought we; to be blessed with such an agreeable means of exit from this world of sin and sorrow. Shortly after, we were favored with a few of the berries, by our friend H. F. Spering, we added the cream,—and, and—g'way, "devil," set this up. We don't recollect anything more.

LETTERS.—Who don't like to receive letters—good long letters—from absent friends? Speaking of letters reminds us that the chirography of some is horrid in the extreme, and this suggests the importance of using good pens, such as Barnard's Corrugated Pens, which can be obtained only at Fettinger's Oak Hall.

PIC-NIC.—A pic-nic for the benefit of the German Lutheran Church will take place in Beales' Woods, on the 4th of July. The time is drawing near, and all who wish to be "in the ring" would do well to secure tickets immediately.

☞ "Daddy" Lewis, of the Huntingdon *Globe*, paid our sanctum a pop-visit on Show-day. He came to see *our* show, and expressed himself well pleased with the exhibition. Lewis is a clever fellow, a man of intelligence, and prints a neat paper.

WOODCOCK SHOOTING.—The season for shooting woodcock in this State commences on the 4th day of July next. Persons found killing them before that time are liable to a fine of five dollars.

TO THE PUBLIC!—An experience of six months has fully convinced me that the CASH SYSTEM *is the best*, both for merchant and consumer. It enables the merchant to sell at ONE-HALF LESS PROFIT and make more clear money, with less trouble than he can by selling on credit; and the reason is obvious—he gets the money down for everything he wants to sell, and has the use of it immediately.—The consumer also saves by buying for cash, because he gets his merchandise at from 25 to 50 per cent. below what he would have to pay if he bought on credit, or even if he bought at a store which sells on credit. The credit business always loses a certain per centage, which must be made up from cash or prompt monthly payers.

I am determined to do nothing but a CASH BUSINESS, and have but *ONE PRICE* for my Goods.

I have just returned from the cities of New York and Philadelphia with the *largest and cheapest assortment of Goods ever brought to Altoona.* I would first invite attention to my complete selection of DRY GOODS, such as Morianta Silks, Black Silks, Ducals, Reps, Foulards, Schallies, Delaines, Poplins, Debeges, Ginghams, Cambrics, Prints, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Tickings, Checks, Linens, Table Napkins, Table Diapers, Gloves, Hosiery. Also, a fine stock of Cassimeres, Cottonades, Jeans, &c., for men and boys.

A splendid assortment of Boots and Shoes, for ladies, misses, men and boys.

A great variety of CARPETS, ranging in price from 12½ cents upward. Oil-Cloths of different patterns and prices. Window-Shades, of all styles.

Children's WAGONS, from $3.25 upwards. Spring Wagons only $4.25.

Wall Paper and Bordering—a large and entirely new selection, embracing the latest and most beautiful styles of Paper for Halls, Parlors, Offices, Bed-Rooms, &c., ranging in price from 5 cents per bolt, upwards.

GROCERIES.—My stock of Groceries is unsurpassed, being entirely fresh. Best Syrup Molasses, only 60 cents per gallon; 2d class only 50 cents. Sugars at 9, 10, 11 and 11½ cents per lb. Coffee, Tea, Spices, Salt, Fish, Soap, Candles, and everything in that line, at CASH PRICES.

In the QUEENSWARE line, I have the largest stock in town: Wedgewood's celebrated Iron-Stone Tea Sets, forty-six pieces, only $3.87. China Sets complete, only $12.00. Chamber Sets, from $1.25 upward.

In the way of GLASSWARE, I have everything mentionable, such as Fruit Stands, Cake Stands, Jelly Dishes, Preserve Jars, Goblets, Tumblers, &c., &c.

I would respectfully invite the public to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere, as I feel confident that I can convince them that it is cheaper to buy *for cash* than *on credit;* and also, that my stock is worth an examination.

R. A. O. KERR.
Altoona, April 17, 1862.

DIED:

In Hollidaysburg, on the 18th inst., WILLIE M., son of Jacob and Elizabeth J. Snyder, aged 3 years and 6 mos.

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS.—A large and varied stock of FRESH GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, just received, and for sale as cheap as the cheapest, at MURPHY & McPIKE'S Store, Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.

OUR LADY FRIENDS WOULD DO well to look in upon the choice and chaste assortment of Summer DRESS GOODS now displayed upon the well-filled shelves of MURPHY & McPIKE, Cor. of Virginia and Caroline sts.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.

DRIED APPLES.—The subscribers have a fine lot of bright yellow DRIED APPLES, bought at much less than market rates, and which they desire to close out, at cost and carriage, without delay.—Persons desiring to purchase, either at wholesale or retail, will find it to their advantage to give us a call.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.] MURPHY & McPIKE.

JUST RECEIVED BY KERR, at the PANIC CASH STORE:
Another lot of those beautiful SUN UMBRELLAS.
" " FANCY CLOAKING and BUTTONS.
An assortment of CHILDREN'S CARRIAGES.
Also, MACKEREL and HERRING by the barrel.
Altoona, June 26, 1862—tf.

DESIRABLE PROPERTY for sale.—The subscriber wishes to dispose of 140 ACRES OF LAND, situate one and a half miles from Altoona, adjoining lands of Elias Baker, James Hutchinson and others.—The improvements are all in good order, and the place is well calculated for a DAIRY OR TRUCK FARM. The whole property will be sold together, or it will be disposed of *in Lots of from half an acre upwards.* Terms made easy to suit the purchaser. Any person wishing to view the premises, will call on the subscriber residing on the same.
I will also sell several Houses and Lots in the Borough of Altoona, on reasonable terms. C. B. SINK.
June 26, 1862.–1m.

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES, &C.,
SELLING OF AT COST,
AT McCORMICK'S STORE!!!
ALL THE GOODS in the above Store are now being sold AT COST, thus affording the citizens of Altoona and vicinity an opportunity of securing anything they need, at city wholesale prices. The stock consists of a large variety of
DRY GOODS, NOTIONS,
HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
HATS & CAPS, GROCERIES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
&C., &C., &C.,
All of which are of recent purchase, the best quality and latest styles. Those who call early will have choice of the assortment. ☞ Remember the place—McCORMICK'S STORE, Virginia Street, North Ward.
Altoona, June 26, 1862.

TURNIP SEED.—
Early White Flat Dutch Strap Leaf.
Early White Flat Norfolk.
Early Purple Top Flat Strap Leaf.
Long White French.
Long Yellow Swede.
Round Russia, or Ruta Baga.
Dales Hybrid.
The subscribers will forward, by mail, one half pound of either of the above named varieties of Turnip Seed, postage paid, on the receipt of 36 cents in postage stamps.
ROGERS & GEST,
June 19, 1862.] No. 133, Market St., Philad'a.

HOWARD ASSOCIATION, Philadelphia. For the Relief of the Sick and Distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Chronic Diseases, and especially for the Cure of diseases of the Sexual Organs. Medical advice given gratis, by the Acting Surgeon. Valuable reports on Spermatorria or Seminal Weakness, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, and on the New Remedies employed in the Dispensary, sent to the afflicted in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Two or three Stamps for postage will be acceptable.
Address, DR. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Acting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2, South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa. [June 22, 1862.–1y.

OFFICE ALTOONA GAS & WATER Co.,
Altoona, June 14, 1862.
THE BOARD OF MANAGERS have this day declared a Semi-annual Dividend of FOUR PER CENT. on the Capital Stock of the Company, clear of State Tax, payable on and after July 1st, 1862.
Powers of Attorney for collection of Dividends can be had on application at the Office of the Treasurer, (Gen'l Superintendent's Office, Penn'a R. R. Co.)
June 19–4t.] B. F. ROSE, Treasurer.

ALBERT HEESS, BAKER, Corner of Julia and Harriet streets, East Altoona, takes this method of informing the public that he has adopted the CASH System, and will sell no more on credit. Fresh Bread, Rolls, Rusks, and everything in his line, always on hand, at the lowest cash prices.
Altoona, June 19th—1m]

A REGULAR MEETING OF THE ALTOONA FAIR VIEW CEMETERY ASSOCIATION will be held on the second Thursday evening of each month, in the Council Room. M. CLABAUGH, President.
JAS. LOWTHER, Secretary. [May 15–'62]

BELGIUM CANARY BIRDS FOR SALE. Apply to G. W. FISHER, Portrait Painter, Altoona, Pa. [June 19–3t.

DO YOU WANT A HAT OR CAP, cheap or fine?—go to LAUGHMAN'S.

LINDSEY'S IMPROVED

BLOOD SEARCHER,

A SURE CURE FOR

Cancer,
Cancerous Formations,
Scrofula,
Cutaneous Diseases,
Erysipelas, Boils,
Pimples on the Face,
Sore Eyes,
Tetter Affections,
Scald Head,
Dyspepsia,
Costiveness,
Old and Stubborn Ulcers
Rheumatic Disorders,
Jaundice,
Salt Rheum,
Mercurial Diseases,
General Debility,
Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Low Spirits,
Female Complaints,
Epilepsy or Fits,
Paralysis or Palsy,
Syphilitic Diseases and
Caries of the Bones.

Together with all other diseases having their origin in a depraved condition of the blood or circulatory system.

CASE OF DANIEL A. BOYD.

PITTSBURGH, December 31, 1861.

DR. G. H. KEYSER:—I take pleasure in making this voluntary statement in favor of a medicine prepared by you called "LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER." I had suffered for five years with Scrofula which broke out on my head and forehead so as to disfigure me very much, and took off the hair when the disease made its appearance; it also broke out on my arm above and below the elbow, and eat into the skin and flesh so as to expose a fearful sore. The disease on my head went so far that several small pieces of bone came out. I was very week and low spirited, and had given up all hope of ever getting well, as I had tried several skillful physicians and they did me no good. In September last, 1861. I was induced to try "LINDSEY'S IMPROVED BLOOD SEARCHER." I must confess I had no faith in patent medicines, but after I had used three bottles of Blood Searcher, the ulcers on my head and arm began to heal. I have now taken eight or ten bottles, and my head and arm are entirely well except the scars remaining from the sores. I will also state that I had the rheumatism very bad in my arms and legs. The Blood Searcher also cured the rheumatism. I am now a well man, over forty years of age, and I feel as suple and young as I did when I was twenty, and have increased in weight twenty pounds. I would also state that the disease in my foreheard was so bad that when I stooped and lifted anything heavy, the blood run out of the sore. Dr. Keyser had a photograph taken of me by Mr. Cargo, the artist, after I began to get well. It does not show my appearance as bad as it was before I commenced taking the medicine. You can see the photograph, one of which is now in my possession, and also at Dr. Keyser's 140 Wood street. I would also state that I took the Blood Searcher which was made before Dr. Keyser commenced making it. Although it helped me some, I did not recover fast until I got the kind made by Dr. Keyser himself. One bottle of his did me more good than two of the old. I believe it is a great deal stronger and better. I have recommended the Blood Searcher to a great many of my friends for various diseases, and I believe it has helped the whole of them. You may publish this if you wish, and I am anxious that all who are afflicted as I was may be cured. I live in this city, No. 4 Pine street, and am employed at Collville & Anderson's Union Marble Works, 54 Wayne street.

DANIEL A. BOYD.

A BLIND MAN CURED.

I live in Sligo, at Clinton Mill, and have been nearly blind in both eyes for nearly four years. I called on Dr. Keyser about three months ago and asked him to give me directions to the Institution for the Blind in Philadelphia. He told me that I need not go to Philadelphia to get well, as he had medicine that would cure me, as he said my disease was in the blood. I was treated for it two or three times in the hospital in this city, and was relieved, but my disease always returned after a month or two after I came out of the hospital. I found my disease was returning and I called, by the advice of a good friend of mine, on Dr. Keyser, who has restored my sight, and my eyes are nearly as well as ever. The Doctor gave me "Lindsey's Blood Searcher" and a wash.

DAVID KINNOLLY,
Clinton Mills, Sligo.
Pittsburg, July 5, 1861.
Witness—E. F. M'Elroy, Anderson street, Allegheny City.

A BAD SORE LEG CURED.

PITTSBURGH, September 18, 1861.—I hereby certify that I have had a sore leg for over a year. It was covered with ulcers and sores so that I could not work for nearly a year. My leg swelled so that I was unable to do anything for a long time, for at least six months. I tried several of the best doctors in the city, but without any benefit; finally I called on Dr. Keyser, at No. 140 Wood street, who only attended me about two weeks, and gave me but two bottles of medicine, and I am now entirely well and have contined so for six months. I am employed at the Eagle Engine House, on Fourth street, where any one can see me.

THOMAS FARRELL.

CANCER CURED.

A LETTER FROM ENGLAND.—Mr. John Pope, of Blaenavon, near Montypool, Monmontshire, England, writes as follows:

SIR:—An old woman in this place has wished me to write you respecting LINDSEY'S BLOOD SEARCHER, from which she found great benefit, and wishes to have a little more. She has been suffering from a disease of a cancerous nature for the last six or seven years. Her daughter, who is living in America, obtained it for her, and sent her eighteen bottles. She is now quite out of it, and I have written to her daughter twice and have received no answer; of course she is anxious to get more, to get completely cured. I told her I would write to you for the agency in this country, and she felt very much pleased to hear me say so. I now beg to ask you on what terms you will supply me; you will please bear in mind the carriage, and supply me as cheap as possible. The carriage on the one dozen bottles was £1 8s 6d. The medicine was a present from her daughter. I would like to have the Blood Searcher in a jar or small cask, if you can send it in that way, or in pint or quart bottles. I will send a bill through bank or registered letter, which ever will be most convenient to you, if you will send me carrier's receipt of the parcel as security. I would send you a stamp to answer this, but as it is uncertain of this reaching you, on account of the country being in six and sevens, a term which is commonly used, you will be kind enough to charge me with the postage.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] JOHN POPE.

[We have seen the letter which is published in to-day's *Dispatch*, from John Pope, and believe it to be genuine.—*Editors Dispatch Pittsburgh.*]

☞ *Look for Dr. Keyser's name over the corks to prevent being imposed upon.*
Prepared and sold by Dr GEORGE H. KEYSER, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Sold in Altoona by A. ROUSH and G. W. KESSLER; in Hollidaysburg by J. R. PATTON and JACOB SNYDER.
June 26, 1862.–1y.

ONWARD! ONWARD!!
EXCELSIOR OUR MOTTO!
NOW OPEN
On the corner of Branch and Annie Streets,
EAST ALTOONA,
AN ENTIRELY
NEW STOCK OF GOODS!
HAVING DISPOSED OF THE entire stock of old goods in the above stand at auction, we desire to say to the public that we have just opened out an
ENTIRELY NEW STOCK
to which we invite the attention of the public. We are determined to sell at the
VERY LOWEST PRICES.
Our stock embraces a large and complete assortment of
LADIES' DRESS GOODS,
consisting, in part, of plain and fancy Silks, all-wool Delaines, Alpacas, Challie Delaines, plain and figured Berege, Lawns, Ginghams, Ducals, De Barge, Travelling Dress Goods, and all the
LATEST STYLE PRINTS.

Men's Wear.
We have received a large and well selected stock of GENTLEMEN'S DRESS GOODS, such as Cloths, plain and fancy Cassimeres, Cashmerets, Tweeds, Jeans, Corduroys, Beaver Teens, Velvet Cords, and other fashionable goods for men and boys.

WHITE GOODS.
Irish Linen, Cambrics, Victoria Lawns, plain and dotted Swiss, Bobinets, Edgings, &c.

We have a large a sortment of Ladies' Needlework Collars and Sets, Dress Trimmings, Ribbons, Gloves, Gauntlets, Mitts, Hosiery, Silk and Linen Handkerchiefs, Neck Ties, Veils, &c. Also, Ticking, Checks, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Diaper, Crash, &c.
Also, a fine assortment of
SPRING SHAWLS.

We have received a large lot of
BOOTS AND SHOES,
LADIES' GAITERS,
HATS & CAPS, SHAKER BONNETS, &c.,
which we are determined to sell cheaper than ever.

QUEEENSWARE,
CEDAR AND WILLOW-WARE,
HARDWARE,
Groceries, Flour,
Bacon, Cheese,
Syrups, Molasses,
Mackerel, Herring,
Carbon Oil, Fish Oil,
Drugs and Medicines,
and, in fact, everything usually kept in a first-class Store.

☞ As we make our purchases almost entirely for cash, and as we will sell for
CASH ONLY,
AND KEEP NO BOOKS, it will enable us to sell Goods at very moderate prices; and by fair dealing and strict attention to business we hope to secure a liberal share of public patronage.
GEIS & CO.
Altoona, April 15, 1862–tf

POKED OUT AGAIN!
The undersigned would respectfully solicit the patronage of the citizens of Altoona and vicinity, as he has again opened out
AT HIS OLD STAND,
on Virginia st., a few doors below the Supt's Office,
with an entirely new and fresh supply of
PROVISIONS AND GROCERIES,
such as
FLOUR, BACON, FISH,
SALT, POTATOES,
CHEESE, CORN-MEAL, MILL-FEED
OATS, RYE, CORN,
TEAS of all kinds, COFFEE, SUGAR, SYRUPS, BAKING MOLASSES, TOBACCO, SEGARS, DRIED FRUIT, SOAP, CANDLES, BROOMS, BRUSHES, Crockery, Wooden and Willow Ware, Stationery, Notions, Candies, &c. Also a large stock of
LIQUORS!
All the above goods will be sold, Wholesale or Retail, at the lowest prices. Come one—come all! See for yourselves, and be convinced. No charge for examining my stock. LOUIS PLACK.
April 17, '62-tf.

C. C. SERVER & SON,
(SUCCESSORS TO THOMAS R. TAYLOR & CO.)
Paper, Envelope, and Printers' Card
WAREHOUSE,
No. 513, MINOR STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.
A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF WRITING, LETTER, NOTE, PRINTING, WRAPPING, MANILLA, TISSUE, SHOE AND HARDWARE
PAPERS,
Printers' Cards,
BONNET, BOX AND STRAW BOARDS.
Printers, Blank Book Manufacturers,
Stationers and Storekeepers, will find it to their advantage to CALL AND EXAMINE OUR STOCK.
May 1st, 1862.–1y.

ONWARD! EVER ONWARD!
STEP BY STEP!
THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO inform his old customers and the public generally that he has this spring gone into the Dry Good business, and has just received a large and entirely new stock of
Dress Goods
For the Ladies, embracing all the latest, prettiest and most
FASHIONABLE PATTERNS,
And among which may be found every quality of goods, the names of which it would be too tedious to enumerate.
In the line of pure, fresh and cheap
GROCERIES & PROVISIONS
I will not "knock under" to any of my competitors. In this department I feel sure that I can render satisfaction.
All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for goods, and the highest market price allowed.
Store on the corner of Annie and Helen streets, East Altoona. THOMAS HESLOP.
Altoona, May 22, 1862.

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE.—The subscribers offer at Private Sale EIGHT BUILDING LOTS, situate on the top of the hill, above the reservoir of the Altoona Gas & Water Company, being now held as property by the Presbyterian Church. The lots are fifty feet front by 175 feet deep, and will be sold on reasonable terms. Persons wishing to purchase or view these lots will receive all information concerning them by applying to Michael Clabaugh, R. H. McCormick, Alexander McCormick, or Chas. J. Mann, Trustees of Presbyterian Church. [Altoona, April 3, 1862.

S. M. WOODKOK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
Altoona, Penn'a,
Will practice in the several Courts of Blair, Cambria and Huntingdon counties. Being associated with CHARLES R. PLEASANT, Esq., Military and Claim Agent, of Washington City, he will devote special attention to the prosecution and collection of claims against the United States, including Pensions, Bounty Lands, Arrears of Pay for Services in the Army and Navy, and generally all business before any of the Departments.
Office on Virginia Street, 2 doors above Julia Street.
May 15, 1862-tf.

FARMERS TAKE NOTICE.—The undersigned is about starting a Tannery, and wishes to buy or trade for
400 CORDS
of good ROCK OAK BARK, and also for HIDES, for which the highest market price will be paid.
Altoona, April 17, '62-tf. LOUIS PLACK.

LEVI'S PREPARATION FOR EXterminating RATS, MICE, ROACHES, ANTS, and Bed-bugs without danger in its use under any circumstances for sale at the Drug Store of G. W. KESSLER.
Jan. 24, '61-tf]

TRIBUNE DIRECTORY.

CHURCHES, MINISTERS, &C.

PRESBYTERIAN—Rev. A. B. Clark, Pastor—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in same room at 9½ o'clock in the morning.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL—Rev. W. Lee Spotswood, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.—Sabbath School in the same room at 2 o'clock P. M.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN—Rev. C. L. Ehrenfeld, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock.—Sabbath School in same room at 9 o'clock A. M.

BAPTIST—Rev. A. H. Sembower, Pastor.—Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

UNITED BRETHREN—Rev. Samuel Kephart, Pastor. Preaching every Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting in the Lecture Room every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School in the same room at 9 o'clock in the morning.

PROTESTANT EPISCOPAL—(No regular Pastor.)—Preaching on Sabbath morning at 11 o'clock, and in the evening at 7 o'clock. Prayer Meeting every Wednesday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 9 o'clock A. M.

ENGLISH CATHOLIC—Rev. John Tuigg, Pastor—Divine services every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

GERMAN CATHOLIC—Rev. ————, Pastor. —Divine services every Sabbath morning at 10½ o'clock, and in the afternoon at 3 o'clock. Sabbath School at 1 o'clock in the afternoon.

AFRICAN METHODIST—Rev. Alexander Johnston, Pastor.—Preaching every Fourth Sabbath in each month. Prayer Meeting every Friday evening at 7 o'clock. Sabbath School at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

RAIL ROAD SCHEDULE.

ON AND AFTER MONDAY, MAY 5, 1862, TRAINS will arrive at and leave Altoona Station as follows:

Express Train	East arrives	8,20 P. M.,	leaves	8,40 P. M.
" "	West "	7,50 A. M.,	"	8,10 A. M.
Fast "	East "	12,55 A. M.,	"	1,00 A. M.
" "	West "	8,05 P. M.,	"	8,20 P. M.
Mail "	East "	7,30 A. M.,	"	7,45 A. M.
" "	West "	6,45 P. M.,	"	7,00 P. M.

The HOLLIDAYSBURG BRANCH connects with Express Train West, and Mail Train East and West.

THE BRANCH TRAIN also makes one trip to Huntingdon—leaving Hollidaysburg at 10.15 A. M.—Altoona at 10.50 P. M.—and arriving at Huntingdon at 1.20 P. M. Returning.—Leaves Huntingdon at 1.20 P. M.—Altoona at 3.15 P. M.—and arrives at Hollidaysburg at 3.45.

ENOCH LEWIS, *Gen'l Supt.*

MAILS CLOSE AND OPEN.

MAILS CLOSE.

Eastern Way		7 15 A. M.
Western Way		7 30 "
Hollidaysburg	7 15 A. M. &	6 30 P. M.
Western Through		7 20 P. M.
Eastern Through		7 20 "

MAILS ARRIVE.

Hollidaysburg	7.20 A. M. &	6 45 P. M.
Western Through		7 30 A. M.
Eastern Through		7 50 "
Western Way		8 20 P. M.
Eastern Way		6 45 "

Office Hours:—During the week, from 6 45 A. M. til 7 30 P. M. On Sundays, from 7 45 till 9 00 A. M.

GEO. W. PATTON P. M.

MEETINGS OF ASSOCIATIONS.

MOUNTAIN LODGE, No. 281, A. Y. M., meets on third Tuesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in the third story of the Masonic Temple.

MOUNTAIN R. A. CHAPTER, No. 189. R. A. C., meets on the first Thursday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

MOUNTAIN COUNCIL, No. 9, R. & S. M., meets on the first Monday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

MOUNTAIN COMMANDERY, No. 10, K. T. meets on the fourth Tuesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock P. M., in same room as above.

ALTOONA LODGE, No. 473, I. O. of O. F., meets every Friday evening, at 7½ o'clock, in the second story of the Masonic Temple.

VERANDA LODGE, No. 532, I. O. of O. F., meets every Monday evening, at 7½ o'clock, in third story of Patton's Building, on Virginia street.

WINNEBAGO TRIBE, No. 35, I. O. R. M., meets every Tuesday evening in the second story of Masonic Temple. Council fire kindled at 7th run 30th breath.

ALTOONA DIVISION, No. 311, S. of T., meets every Saturday evening, at 7 o'clock, in the second story of the Masonic Temple.

STATE OFFICERS.

Governor—Andrew G. Curtin.
Secretary of State—Eli Slifer.
Attorney General—William M. Meredith.
Auditor General—Thomas E. Cochran.
Surveyor General—William L. Wright.
Adjutant General—E. M. Biddle.
State Treasurer—Henry D. Moore.

BLAIR COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judges of the Courts.—President Judge, Hon George Taylor. Associates, Samuel Dean, Adam Moses.
State Senator—Hon. Lewis W. Hall.
Assemblyman—Thaddeus Banks.
Prothonotary—Anthony S. Morrow.
Register and Recorder—Hugh A. Caldwell.
Sheriff—Samuel McCamant. Deputy—John Marks.
District Attorney—Benjamin L. Hewit.
County Commissioners—George L. Cowan, George Koon, James M. Kinkead.
County Surveyor—James L. Gwin.
Treasurer—John McKeage.
Poor House Directors—Peter Good, William Burley, David Aurandt.
County Auditors—A. M. Lloyd, Robt. M. Messimer, L. L. Moore.
Coroner—A. J. Freeman.
Superintendent of Common Schools—John Mitchell.

ALTOONA BOROUGH OFFICERS.

Justices of the Peace—Jacob M. Cherry, John W. Humes.
Burgess—John Allison.
Town Council—A. A. Smyth, Daniel Laughman, John Louden, Jacob Hesser, C. R. Hostetter, N. J. Mervine.
Clerk to Council—S. M. Woodkok.
Borough Treasurer—Daniel Laughman.
School Directors—H. C. Dern, John Shoemaker, J. B. Hileman, Wm. Boyden, James Lowther, E. A. Beck.
Treasurer of School Board—J. B. Hileman.
High Constable—Joseph K. Ely.
Collector of State, County, Borough and School Tax—Jos. K. Ely.
Auditors—John A. Nichols, C. J. Mann, Alex. McCormick
Assessor—Daniel Price.
Assistant Assessors—Jacob Hesser, J. L. Reifsnyder.
Judge of Elections—East Ward—John B. Warfel.
" " West Ward—Michael Clabaugh.
" " North Ward—John Shoemaker.
Inspectors—East Ward—Wm. Rodamer, John Hickey.
" West Ward—Geo. W. Kessler, Jno. Bowman.
" North Ward—Robt. Green, Alex. McCormick.

EMPORIUM OF FASHION!!

Virginia St., Altoona, Pa.

D. W. A. BELFORD, Proprietor.

THE PROPRIETOR OF THE "EMPORIUM OF FASHION" would respectfully announce to the public that he has received a large invoice of

CLOTHS,
CASSIMERES,
VESTINGS,

and a general assortment of

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

Collars, Neck-Ties, Suspenders,
Hosiery, Handkerchiefs,
&c., &c., &c.,

intended for the Spring and Summer trade.

The proprietor of the Emporium invites an examination of his stock, feeling confident that his shelves present a greater variety of plain and fancy goods than can be found elsewhere in the country. An examination will convince any one of this fact.

He has also received the

LATEST FASHION,

and being a perfect "Cutter," he has no hesitancy in saying that he can make up clothing in the fashion, and in a manner that can not fail to prove satisfactory. It has passed into a proverb that

Belford's the very man that can make,
Clothes in the fashion, strong and cheap;
All that have ever tried him yet,
Say that he really cant be beat.

Remember the place, Virginia street, first door above Jaggard's Hall, Altoona, Pa. [April 17, '62.

INSTRUCTIONS IN MUSIC.—Mrs. BRUNKER, Music Teacher, Residence on Virginia street, two doors North of the Lutheran Church, Altoona. Terms—$10 per term ($5 invariably in advance) for instructions either on the Piano, Guitar, Melodeon, or Organ. Madame B. has had the advantage of a first-class European Musical education, and is known to be a competent Teacher.
No charge for the use of the instrument or for instructions in vocal music.
Altoona, Feb. 20, 1862.–3 mos.

PURE WHITE LEAD AND ZINC Paint, also Chrome. Green, Yellow, Paris Green, dry and ground oil at [1-tf.] KESSLER'S

ABDOMINAL SUPPORTERS, Trusses and Shoulder Braces for sale at
1-tf. G. W. KESSLER'S.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

MOUTH WASH,

A SURE REMEDY FOR A

BAD BREATH,

SORE MOUTHS,

CANKER,

DISEASED BLEEDING GUMS,

NURSING SORE MOUTH,

And the best specific now in use for *any* diseased condition of the mouth. It is particularly beneficial to persons wearing

ARTIFICIAL TEETH,

completely destroying every taint of the mouth, absorbing and removing all impurities, insuring

A SWEET BREATH

to all who use it. No Young Lady or Young Gentleman who is afflicted with

A BAD BREATH

should delay applying this remedy, for it is a certain cure, and is approved and recommended by every physician under whose notice it has been brought.

A Bad Breath is an offence for which there is no excuse while

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

MOUTH WASH

can be procured.

Many persons carry with them a bad breath, greatly to the annoyance and often to the disgust of those with whom they come in contact, without being conscious of the fact. To relieve this,

USE DR. WM. B. HURD'S MOUTH WASH.

Cleanliness of the mouth is of great importance to the general health, which is often affected, and not unfrequently seriously impaired, through want of proper attention to this subject.

Use Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Mouth Wash.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE 37 CENTS PER BOTTLE.

A liberal discount made to Dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O S Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G W Kessler.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

TOOTH POWDER.

This Powder possesses the

CARBONIC WITHOUT THE INJURIOUS PROPERTIES OF CHARCOAL.

Its action being entirely mechanical—polishing without wearing the enamel.

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Tooth Powder

is Recommended by all Eminent Dentists.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
A liberal discount made to Dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O. S. Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut Street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G W Kessle

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

TOOTH-ACHE DROPS,

FOR THE CURE OF

TOOTHACHE

produced by exposed nerves.

It is particularly adapted to all cases of children afflicted with

TOOTHACHE.

Parents can relieve themselves from that distressing weariness caused by

LOSS OF SLEEP,

and their children from great suffering, by keeping a bottle of

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Toothache Drops

in the house.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No. 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE ONLY 12½ CTS. PER BOTTLE.
A liberal discount made to Dealers.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O. S. Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut Street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G. W. Kessler.

DR. WM. B. HURD'S

Neuralgia Plasters,

FOR THE CURE OF

NEURALGIA,

or Toothache produced by colds.

LOCAL NEURALGIA

is immediately cured by their application.

They act like a charm, and are perfectly harmless in their nature; do not produce a blister, and leave no unpleasant results.

Dr. Wm. B. Hurd's Neuralgia Powders

never fail to give satisfaction to all who test their virtue.

Prepared at Dr. Hurd's Dental Office, No 77, Fourth Street, Brooklyn, E. D.

PRICE ONLY 15 CENTS EACH.

Address Principal Office, Tribune Buildings, No. 1, Spruce Street, New York.

Sold in Philadelphia by Dyott & Co., 232 North 2d Street; O. S. Hubbell, 1410 Chestnut Street, and by all Druggists. Sold in Altoona by G. W. Kessler.
Nov. 21, 1861–1y.

NORTH WARD AHEAD!

NEW SPRING and SUMMER GOODS AT OLD PRICES.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the east, where he has been selecting his stock of Spring and Summer Goods, which for style, quality and Price cannot be surpassed in this neck of country. His stock is much larger than heretofore, and, as it is quite an object in these war-exciting times for every one to purchase where they can get the BEST article at the LOWEST PRICE, he would say that he can and will sell AS LOW, if not A LITTLE LOWER THAN ANY OTHER HOUSE in this place. He wishes all to call and see his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he feels confident he can offer inducementt which will DEFY COMPETITION. His stock consists of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS
OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.
MEN AND BOYS' SUMMER WEAR,
LADIES' AND MISSES' DRESS SHOES.
MEN AND BOYS' BOOTS AND SHOES,
MEN AND WOMEN'S HOSE, HATS AND CAPS,

Ginghams, Lawns, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Dried Peaches and Dried Apples, Plain and Canvassed Hams, &c., &c., &c.

He will sell the AMERICAN PRINTS at		12½	cents.
FAST MADDER COLORS,		10	"
FANCY DELAINES,	from 12½ to	25	"
Fine Bleached MUSLINS yard wide,		12½	"
" " " ⅞		10	"
" " " ¾		6¼	"
Heavy Unbl'ched " yard		12½	"
" " " ⅞	8 and	10	"
LAWNS,	from 8 to	25	"
LADIES' SLIPPERS,	from 40 to	50	"
" Fine, French, Sewed, Heeled BOOTEES,		$1 25	
" Pegged "		1 00	
MEN'S CALF BOOTS,		2 75	
" GOAT "		2 50	
BOYS' GOAT, (Nos. 4 and 5.)		1 50	
MEN AND BOYS' OXFORD TIES, from 75 cents to		1 00	
MEN'S CALF MONROES,		1 00	

All sizes of MISSES' & CHILDREN'S SHOES, very low.

GROCERIES Rio Coffee at 20 cents, White Sugar 11 and 12½ cents, Brown Sugar from 7 to 10 cts.; Best Honey and Lovering's Syrup, at 60 cts.; Sugar House Molasses, 40 cts.; Baking Molasses, 31 to 40 cts.; together with Cedar and Willow Ware; Flour, Feed, &c., and all other articles of Goods just as low as any other house can sell. Please call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

J. A. SPRANKLE.
Altoona, May 1, 1862.] North Ward.

THE HEROES OF PEACE
AND
THE HEROES OF WAR.

E. ANTHONY, 501 BROADWAY, NEW YORK, is now publishing, in addition to other portraits, the celebrated collection known in Europe and America as

BRADY'S NATIONAL PHOTOGRAPHIC PORTRAIT GALLERY.

in which is included Portraits of nearly all the PROMINENT MEN OF AMERICA, not excepting Jeff. Davis, Gen. Beauregard, Floyd, and a host of other confederates. Price of Portraits $3.00 per dozen. Can be sent by mail.

Scenes of the War for the Union,

are published, card size, and in stereoscopic form,

ALSO,

Stereoscopic Views of Scenes in Paris, London, and in other parts of England and France; in Scotland, Ireland, Wales, Holland, Switzerland, Spain, on the Rhine, in Athens, Egypt, Turkey, the Holy Land, China, India, Cuba, &c., *ad infinitum.*

OUR INSTANTANEOUS STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS

Are the Greatest Wonder of the Age.

These are taken in the fortieth part of a second, and the rushing of water, the moving of leaves, or the march of an army, does not in the slightest degree affect the taking of these views. They are sold for $3.00 per dozen.

We have also on hand and manufacture the largest assortment of Stereoscopes, Photographic Albums, and Photographic Materials in the United States, and perhaps in the world.

Catalogues, containing lists of our Portraits, Views, Stereoscopes, &c., sent free by mail, on receipt of a stamp.

E. ANTHONY, 501 Broadway,
Aug8–1y near St. Nicholas, New York.

GROCERY AND PROVISION

STORE,

Annie Street, East Altoona, a few doors above Branch Street.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST RECEIVED a large and fresh stock of GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., which he will sell at prices equally as low as his competitors. His stock consists of

FLOUR, FEED, BACON, HAMS, FISH, SALT, POTATOES, COFFEE, SUGAR, TEA, SPICES, CRACKERS, CHEESE, TUBS, BRUSHES, BUCKETS, BROOMS, RAISINS, LEMONS, ORANGES, FIGS, DATES, COMBS, SOAPS, KNIVES, BUTTER, EGGS, CONFECTIONERIES, DRIED FRUIT, AND DRUGS OF ALL KINDS.

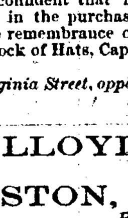
I invite the public to call and examine my stock, as I am determined to please in quality and price.
May 8, 1862–tf WM. H. PERCIVAL.

EVERYBODY CALLS
AT JESSE SMITH'S.
when they want fashionable

Hats & Caps.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and surrounding country that he has just returned from the city with his

Spring & Summer Styles of

HATS,  CAPS,

MISSES' FLATS, &C.

His Stock of Hats and Caps are of the very best selection, of every style, color and shape, for both old and young.

All he asks is that the people call and examine his stock, and he feels confident that he can send them away rejoicing, if not in the purchase of such an article as they wanted, at the remembrance of having looked upon the handsomest stock of Hats, Caps, Flats, &c., ever exhibited in this town.

Store on Virginia Street, opposite the Lutheran Church.
Oct. 3, 1861. JESSE SMITH.

W. M. LLOYD & CO.,
ALTOONA, PA.,
JOHNSTON, JACK & CO.,
HOLLIDAYSBURG, PA.,

BANKERS,

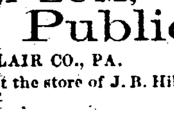
(*Late "Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co."*)

DRAFTS ON THE PRINCIPAL Cities, and Silver and Gold for sale. Collections made. Moneys received on deposite, payable on demand, without interest, or upon time, with interest at fair rates.
Feb. 3d, 1859.

WM. S. BITTNER,

Dental Surgeon,

OFFICE IN MASONIC TEMPLE, next door to the Post Office.



Teeth extracted without pain by the Current Electro-Magnetic Machine.

J. G. ADLUM,

Notary Public,

ALTOONA, BLAIR CO., PA.

Can at all times be found at the store of J. B. Hileman.
October 1, 1857.

$25] EMPLOYMENT! [$75

AGENTS WANTED!

We will pay from $25 to $75 per month, and all expenses, to active Agents, or give a commission. Particulars sent free. Address Erie Sewing Machine Company, R. JAMES, General Agent, Milan, Ohio.
Sept. 12-1y.]

GREAT WESTERN INSURANCE AND TRUST COMPANY.—Insurance on Real or personal property will be effected on the most reasonable terms by their agents in Altoona at his office in Anna St.
March 17, 1859. JOHN SHOEMAKER, Agent.

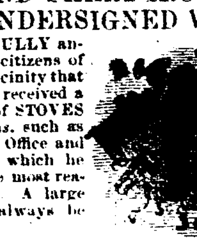
HARDWARE OF ALL DESCRIPTIONS just received and for sale by
Oct. 15-tf J. B. HILEMAN

Samuel I. Fries .... Stephen Winters

STOVES,

TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD RESPECTFULLY announce to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that they have just received a large supply of STOVES *of all Patterns*, such as Cook, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves, which he will sell at the most reasonable prices. A large supply will always be kept on hand.



TIN AND SHEET-IRON WARE, in great variety, always on hand.

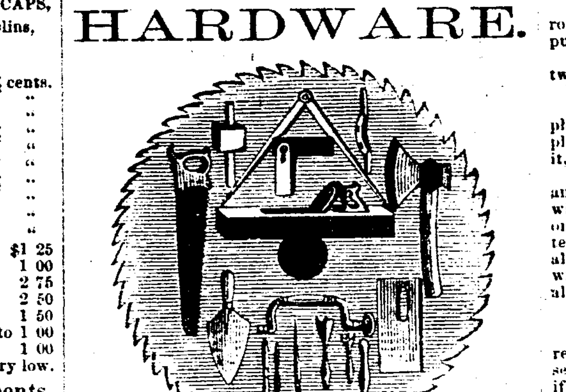
ROOFING & SPOUTING

put up on short notice.

They have also attached a copper-smithing room to their establishment and will keep on hand an assortment of copper and brass kettles, &c.

All kinds of job work promptly attended to.

HARDWARE.



The subscriburs have added Hardware to their line of business, and are now prepared to supply anything in the Hardware and Cutlery line, such as Handsaws, Axes, Augers, Adzes, Chisels, Squares, Rules, Hammers, Planes, Hinges, Locks, Latches, Files, Knives and Forks, Spoons, &c., &c., all of which they offer on the most reasonable terms.

Persons wishing anything in the Hardware line are requested to call and examine their stock.

A share of public patronage is respectfully solicited.

Store on Annie street, between Harriet and Adaline streets, East Ward, and on Virginia street, opposite Kessler's Drug Store, West Ward.

FRIES & WINTERS.
Altoona, Feb. 3d, 1862.

HEAD QUARTERS
FOR THE CHEAPEST AND BEST
Spring & Summer Goods!!!

J. B. HILEMAN has just received a large and well selected stock of Goods, consisting of Cloths, Plain and Fancy Cassimeres, Satinetts, Kentucky Jeans, Tweeds, Beaverteens, Blue Drilling, and all other kinds of Goods for

MEN AND BOYS' WEAR,

together with a grand and magnificent assortment of

LADIES' DRESS GOODS,

Such as Black and Fancy Silks, Challies, Bereges, Brilliants, Lawns, Delaines, Chintzs, DeBeges, Crapes, Prints, Crape and Stella Shawls, Mantillas, Undersleeves and Hosiery, Bonnets and Ribbons, Collars, Handkerchiefs, Kid Gloves, Hooped Skirts, Skirting, Lace Mitts, &c., &c.

ALSO.

Tickings, Checks, Bleached and Unbleached Muslins, Cotton and Linen Table Diaper, Crash, Nankeen, &c.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

HARDWARE, QUEENSWARE,
WOOD AND WILLOW WARE,
OIL CLOTHS, CARPETS, &C.

GROCERIES.

Our stock of Groceries is more extensive than ever, and consists of Rio and Java Coffee, Crushed, Loaf and N. O. Sugars; Green, Y. H. and Black Teas; Molasses, Soaps, Candles, Salt, Fish, &c.

Thankful to the public for the very liberal patronage heretofore received, he hopes by strict attention to business, and an endeavor to please, to merit a continuance of the same.

Call and examine his Stock, and you will be convinced that he has the best assortment and cheapest Goods in the market.

Country Produce of all kinds taken in exchange for Goods at market prices.
Altoona, April 4, 1862.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

SEWING

MACHINE.

R. A. O. KERR,

ALTOONA, PA.,

Agent for Blair County.

WHEELER & WILSON'S

THESE MACHINES ARE ADMITTED to be the best ever offered to the public, and their superiority is satisfactorily established by the fact that in the last eight years,

OVER 1,400 MORE

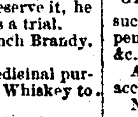
of these Machines have been sold than of any other manufactured, and more medals have been awarded the proprietors by different Fairs and Institutes than to any others. The Machines are warranted to do all that is claimed for them. They are now in use in several families in Altoona, and in every case they give entire satisfaction.

The Agent refers those desiring information as the superiority of the Machines, to Col. John L. Piper, Rev. A. B. Clark, George Hawkesworth, Benj. F. Rose, and E. H. Turner, Esqrs.

The machines can be seen and examined at the store of the Agent, at Altoona.

Price of No. 1 Machine, silver plated, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$65. No. 2, ornamental bronze, glass foot and new style Hemmer—$55. No. 3, plain, with old style Hemmer—$45. [March 21, 1861-tf.

EXCHANGE HOTEL.—THE SUBSCRIBER would respectfully inform the public that he has recently refitted the above Hotel, and is now prepared to accommodate his friends and patrons in a comfortable manner, and he will spare no pains in making it an agreeable home for all sojourners. His Table will always be luxuriously supplied from the markets of the country and cities, and his Bar filled with liquors of choice brands. His charges are as reasonable as those of any other Hotel in the place, and he feels satisfied they can not be complained of by those who favor him with their custom. Expecting to receive a share of public patronage, and fully intending to deserve it, he throws open his house to the public and invites a trial.



I have just received a stock of No. 1 French Brandy, for medicinal purposes.

Also a large stock of excellent Wines, for medicinal purposes, together with a lot of the best old Rye Whiskey to be found in the country.
Altoona, May 27, 1859.–1y] JOHN BOWMAN.

$30. EMPLOYMENT! $100.
Commercial Agents Wanted
TO SELL GOODS FOR THE
ADAMS
(A New England)
MANUFACTURING COMPANY.

We will give a commission of one hundred per cent. on all goods sold by our Agents, or we will pay wages at from $30 to $100 per mouth and pay all necessary expenses. For particulars addres (with stamp)

CHAS. RUGGLES, Gen'l Agent,
For the Adams Manufacturing Co. Detroit, Mich.
May 8, 1862–1y

WALL PAPER AND BORDER.—We invite the attention of persons in want of the above article, to our

IMMENSE STOCK, JUST RECEIVED

direct from the manufacturers in New York, which enables us to sell on much better terms than those who buy in small lots from second hands. Our stock consists of

ALL THE NEWEST STYLES & PATTERNS,

and ranging in price from six cents up to fifty cents per peice.

J. & J. LOWTHER.
Altoona, March 27th, 1862–3mos.

BLAIR COUNTY INSURANCE AGENCY.—The undersigned, Agent of the Blair County Mutual Fire Insurance Company, is at all times ready to insure against loss or damage by fire, *Buildings, Merchandise, Furniture and Property,* of every description, in town or country, at as reasonable rates as any Company in the State. Office with Bell, Johnston, Jack & Co.
Jan. 27, '59–tf D. T. CALDWELL, Agent.

CAMPBELL'S
SIX HUNDRED AND FIFTY DOLLAR
NEWSPAPER PRESS.



FOR THE ABOVE SUM IN CASH I will furnish one of my superior NEWSPAPER PRESSES, that can be driven by hand with ease at the rate of

SEVEN HUNDRED SHEETS PER HOUR.

on any kind of a job from a colored poster down, and do its work as well as any cylinder Press in the world.

Bed 31 x 46 inches, rolls a form 27 x 44 inches with two rollers, weighs, boxed for shipment, 4200 lbs. and can be put up and set running by any ordinary printer.

There is included with the Press, one rubber blanket, two sets roller-stocks, and two roller-moulds.

Boxing and carting, $25 extra.

I have issued a specimen done on this press, in pamphlet form, containing a cut of it, and will take great pleasure in sending a copy to those who have not received it, on the receipt of a paper from them.

Any publisher inserting this advertisement, to the amount of $10, and sending me a paper containing it, will be allowed the amount of their bill towards payment on one of my presses, if ordered after one year from September 1. 1861. If ordered within one year, $20 will be allowed for the bill. If ordered within six months $30 will be allowed. And if within three months, $40 will be allowed for the bill.

THESE ARE WAR TIMES AND WAR PRICES.

You will find it for your interest to communicate directly with me, as I warrant the press to be all I represent it, which your merchant can easily find out for you if you are a total stranger in New York. For further particulars please address A CAMPBELL.
No. 16, Spruce street, N. Y.
Sept. 19, 1861.

PATENT KEROSENE OR CARBON OIL LAMPS!

Unrivaled in Beauty, Simplicity Safety or Economy.

Every person desiring to obtain the very best and cheapest portable light within their reach, should call at the store of the undersigned and examine these Lamps before purchasing elsewhere, and we pledge ourselves to demonstrate

1st. That NO ACCIDENT can occur by explosion.
2d. That they emit no offensive odor while burning.
3d. That they are very easily trimmed.
4th. That they are easily regulated to give more or less light.
5th. That they burn entirely free from smoke.
6th. That the light is at least 50 per cent. cheaper than any other light now in common use.

These lamps are admirably adapted for the use of Students, Mechanics, Seamstresses, Factories, Halls, Churches, Stores, Hotels, and are highly recommended for family use.

The burner of the Carbon Oil Lamp can be attached to old side, hanging and table fluid and oil lamps, at a small expense, and will answer every purpose of a new lamp.

We guarantee perfect satisfaction in all cases.
Aug. 19, 1858-tf.] G. W. KESSLER.

JACOB SNYDER, TAILOR,
The Hero of One Hundred Fits per Month!



I would respectfully set forth my claim to public attention, as a Fashionable Tailor, as follows:

Because I keep an excellent assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings and Trimmings, which, when examined, always please.

Because my work is made up in a manner that takes down the country and gives all my customers a city appearance.

Because I am not inferior as a Cutter to the best to be found anywhere.

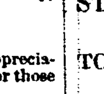
Because long experience in my business gives me entire control over it, and I am not dependant upon any one to lift me out of the suds.

Because I am still on the sunny side of forty, and therefore my taste as a Cutter and workman unimpaired.

Call on me, in the corner room of the "Brant House." Give me a trial and you will go away pleased.
Altoona, May 26–5m JACOB SNYDER.

Stoves, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware.
SPOUTING, &C.

S. RIGG WOULD RESPECTFULLY inform the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he keeps constantly on hand a large assortment of *Cooking, Parlor, Office and Shop Stoves*, of all styles and sizes, to suit the wants of all, which he will sell at low prices, on reasonable terms.



He also keeps on hand a large stock of *Tin and Sheet-Iron Ware*, consisting of all articles for culinary purposes—*Coal Scuttles, Stove Pipe, &c.*

He has also purchased the right of sale in Blair county, of R. V. JONES'

IMPROVED SAUSAGE-STUFFER,

an invention which needs only to be seen to be appreciated and should be possessed by every farmer, butcher or those requiring such a machine.

Particular attention paid to putting up SPOUTING, either in town or country. Spouting painted and put up on the most reasonable terms. [april 14, 1859-1y

GROCERY, PROVISION
AND
WHOLESALE LIQUOR STORE.

THE UNDERSIGNED WOULD INFORM the public that he has purchased the interest of A. MILLIRON in the Grocery and Provision Store heretofore kept by them on Virginia street, below Caroline St., where he will continue the business, and will keep constantly on hand a large supply of

FLOUR, HAMS, SHOULDERS, SIDES
DRIED BEEF, FISH, SALT, MOLASSES, COFFEE, TEA,
SUGAR, SPICES, CONFECTIONARIES.

and everything usually kept in Grocery and Provision Stores, all of which he receives fresh from the eastern and western cities, and will sell at the most reasonable prices.

Having recently obtained license to sell liquor by wholesale, I will keep constantly on hand a large assortment of liquors of the best qualities to be had.

I respectfully solicit a share of public custom.
July 12, 1861-tf.] J. BERKOWITZ.

MORE GOOD NEWS!

The undersigned has just received from the East a large and varied assortment of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS,

consisting of

Cloths, Cassimeres, and

VESTING,

material for

FINE AND COARSE

OVERCOATS,

material for

BOYS' CLOTHING,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,



such as Undershirts, Drawers, Suspenders, Neck-ties, Handkerchiefs &c., &c., all of which will be sold at the lowest prices.

All work ordered will be made up in the very best style, according to the latest fashions, on short notice.
Nov. 1, 1869–tf THOMAS ELWAY.

SOMETHING NEW.

THE SUBSCRIBER HAS JUST returned from the east where he has purchased a very large and fine stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES,
BROGANS, GAITERS, &C.,

which he is prepared to offer to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity at very low prices. Having purchased direct from the manufacturers for cash, he is prepared to sell at prices that will defy competition. All that he asks is that the people will call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere.

BOOTS and SHOES made to order on the most reasonable terms. Also, repairing promptly attended to.

Don't forget the place, two doors below Post Office.
Jan. 3, 1861. M. THOMPSON, *Agent.*

VAN ANDEN'S PATENT
PORTABLE COPYING PRESS.
HANNAH & CO.,
Sole Proprietors, 29 Cliff St., New York.
TWO SIZES............$1.00 & 1.25.

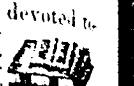
ON RECEIPT OF PRICE A PRESS WILL be mailed to any address, postage paid. Descriptive Circulars sent if requested. Stationers and Agents supplied on liberal terms.

Extraordinary inducements offered to intelligent Agents. [May 1st, '62—3m.]

O YES! O YES!—GENTLEMEN draw nigh and hear. JOSEPH P. TROUT announces to the public, that he is ready to discharge his duty as an Auctioneer whenever called upon. [Jan. 2 '56.

HUTTER'S
STATE CAPITOL
Book Bindery,
AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY,
No. 54 Market St., Harrisburg, Pa

This establishment is chiefly devoted to the manufacture of Blank Books for Banks, County Offices, Railroad Companies, and private individuals. In all cases the very best of stock and workmanship may be relied upon. Blank Books printed, paged and bound to any desired pattern. Sheriff's, Attorneys and Justices Dockets of all sizes, made and ruled to order. Tri-ennial and Yearly Assessments, Duplicates, &c., for county purposes, printed or plain, ruled and bound to order. County Dockets made of the best linen paper.



Librarians, and others, desiring to have their Books well bound and at moderate prices, should give us a call. Newspapers of the largest sizes, Harper's Weekly, Gleason's Pictorial, Ballons, Scientific American, London News, bound to order, and in any style required; Harper's Monthly Magazine, Knickerbocker, Blackwood's and Graham's Magazines, Godey's Lady's Book, Lady's Repository, Peterson's Magazine, Piano Music, &c., bound in extra styles, or the more plain and substantial half binding. Select Pamphlets, Law Magazines, Pamphlet laws, bound in good Library style, at very moderate prices. Persons having a number of volumes to bind, will receive a liberal discount. Binding can safely be sent to us from a distance by Express, and all work entrusted to our care will be speedily executed, safely packed and returned by Express.—All work warranted. Address F. L. HUTTER, *Harrisburg, Pa.*

McCRUM & DERN, at the *Tribune* Office, are my agents for Altoona, and vicinity. They will give information in relation to binding, and receive and return books free from extra charges, for all who entrust their work to my care. [March 21, 1861-1y



HOLLIDAYSBURG MARBLE WORKS
JOHN McKEAGE, successor to A. W. Kinney,
Manufacturer of all kinds of
PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL MARBLE WORK.
at the lowest possible prices. All work finished at this establishment warranted to give satisfaction. Hollidaysburg, Dec. 20, 1858-tf.

GROCERY AND BAKERY!

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES to the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that he has just received a large invoice of

FRUITS, CONFECTIONARIES, NUTS, SPICES

and notions for children &c., expressly for the Holidays.

He will also keep always on hand a good stock of plain and fancy cakes, of his own manufacture.

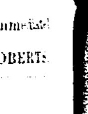
LEMONS, PRUNES, RAISINS, &C.

always on hand at all seasons of the year.

Coffee, Teas, Sugar, Molasses, Butter,
EGGS, GOOD WHITE WHEAT FLOUR,
BUCKWHEAT FLOUR, CORN MEAL, &C.

always in store and for sale in large or small quantities. Call, examine and price my stock and you will find it as good and cheap as any in town.
Dec. 20, '60-1y.] JACOB WISE.

THE GREAT QUESTION WHICH now agitates the mind of every person is, where can I get the best article for my money? In regard to other matters, the subscriber would not attempt to direct, but if you want anything in the line of



BOOTS OR SHOES

he invites an examination of his stock and work.

He keeps constantly on hand an assortment of Boots, Shoes, Gaiters, Slippers, &c., which he offers at fair prices.

He will give special attention to custom work, all of which will be warranted to give satisfaction. None but the best workmen are employed.

Remember my shop is on Virginia street, immediately opposite Kessler's Drug Store.
September 3, '57–tf] JOHN H. ROBERTS.

H. FETTINGER'S
General News Agency,
OAK HALL, No. 7, MAIN STREET
SCHOOL BOOKS, BLANK BOOKS,
STATIONERY, CONFECTIONARIES
CIGARS & TOBACCO,
TOYS AND NOTIONS IN GREAT VARIETY
CONSTANTLY ON HAND.
October 24, 1861.

NATIONAL POLICE GAZETTE.—This Great Journal of Crime and Criminals is in its Twelfth Year, and is widely circulated throughout the country. It contains all the Great Trials, Criminal Cases, and appropriate Editorials on the same, together with information on Criminal Matters, not to be found in any other newspaper.

Subscriptions $2 per annum; $1 for six months, to be remitted by subscribers, (who should write their names and the town, county and State where they reside plainly.)

To G. W. MATSELL & CO.
Editor & Prop'r. of New York Police Gazette.
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THE SUBSCRIBER WOULD INFORM the citizens of Altoona and vicinity that his CONFECTIONERY, NUT and FRUIT STORE, is always supplied with the very best articles to be had, and in great variety. He has also an

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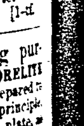
attached to his store, in which he will serve up OYSTERS in every style during the season.

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Altoona, Oct. 10, 1861–tf

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Jan. 2, 1862–tf] Office in Masonic Temple, Altoona.

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VOL. 7.

THE ALTOONA TRIBUNE.

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Married Persons, or Young Men cotemplating m... being aware of physical weakness, organic debility ... mity, &c., speedily cured.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. J. ... ligiously confide in his honor as a gentleman, an... dently rely upon his skill as a physician.

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Immediately Cured, and full Vigor Restored.

This Distressing Affection—which renders Life mi... and marriage impossible—is the penalty paid ... victims of improper indulgences. Young persons ... apt to commit excesses from not being aware of the ... ful consequences that may ensue. Now, who that ... stands the subject will pretend to deny that the p... procreation is lost sooner by those falling into in... habits than by the prudent? Besides being depri... pleasures of healthy offspring, the most serious ... structive symptoms to both body and mind aris... system becomes Deranged, the Physical and Mental... tions Weakened, Loss of Procreative Power, Nervo... tability, Dyspepsia, Palpitation of the Heart, Indig... Constitutional Debility, a Wasting of the Frame, ... Consumption, Decay and Death.

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Member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London... uate from one of the most eminent Colleges in the ... States, and the greater part of whose life has been ... the hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia an... where, has effected some of the most astonishin... that were ever known; many troubled with ringin... head and ears when asleep, great nervousness... alarmed at sudden sounds, bashfulness, with f... blushing, attended sometimes with derangement ... were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Dr. J. addresses all those who have injured the... by improper indulgence and solitary habits, whi... both body and mind, unfitting them for either b... study, society or marriage.

These are some of the sad and melancholy effe... duced by early habits of youth, viz: Weakness ... Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of ... Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Hea... pepsy, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the ... tive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Co... tion, &c.

Mentally.—The fearful effects of the mind are m... be dreaded—Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ide... pression of spirits, Evil-Forebodings, Aversion to S... Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, &c., are s... the evils produced.

Thousands of persons of all ages can now judge ... the cause of their declining health, losing their vi... coming weak, pale, nervous and emaciated, having... gular appearance about the eyes, cough and sympt... consumption.

YOUNG MEN

Who have injured themselves by a certain prac... dulged in when alone, a habit frequently learne... evil companions, or at school, the effects of wh... nightly felt, even when asleep, and if not cured ... marriage imposible, and destroys both mind and ... should apply immediately.

What a pity that a young man, the hope of his c... the darling of his parents, should be snatched f... prospects and enjoyments of life, by the conseq... deviating from the path of nature, and indulg... certain secret habit. Such persons must, before ... plating

MARRIAGE,

reflect that a sound mind and body are the most ne... requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indee... out these, the journey through life becomes a w... grimage; the prospect hourly darkens to the vi... mind becomes shadowed with despair and filled w... melancholy reflection that the happiness of ano... comes blighted with our own.

DISEASE OF IMPRUDENCE.

When the misguided and imprudent votary of ... finds that he has imbibed the seeds of this pai... ease, it too often happens that an ill-timed sense o... or dread of discovery, deters him from applying ... who, from education and respectability, can al... friend him, delaying till the constitutional symp... this horrid disease make their appearance, such a... ted sore throat, diseased nose, nocturnal pains in ... and limbs, dimness of sight, deafness, nodes on ... bones and arms, blotches on the head, face and ... ties, progressing with frightful rapidity, till at ... palate of the mouth or the bones of the nose fall ... the victim of this awful disease becomes a horrid ... commiseration, till death puts a period to his ... sufferings, by sending him to "that Undiscovered ... from whence no traveller returns."

It is a melancholy fact that thousands fall vi... this terrible disease, owing to the unskillfulness ... rant pretenders, who, by the use of that *Deadly* ... *Mercury*, ruin the constitution and make the re... life miserable.

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His remedies or treatment are unknown to a... prepared from a life spent in the great hospitals o... the first in the country and a more extensive Pri... tice than any other Physician in the world.

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